Splash Premium RV & Marine Antifreeze	FMP	6
SpecSeal LCI Intumescent Fire Stop Sealant	STI / Specified Technologies, Inc.	6
SpecSeal Smoke n' Sound Acoustical Sealant	STI / Specified Technologies, Inc.	6
Spray Lubricant	Hilti, Inc.	6
Sta Put	Hercules / HCC Holdings, Inc an Oatey Affiliate	6
Sta Put Ultra	Hercules / HCC Holdings, Inc an Oatey Affiliate	6
TFP-600 Blazemaster CPVC Cement	Tyco / Oatey, Co.	6
Tinning Flux No.95	Oatey Co.	6
Tub & Tile Acrylic Latex Caulk	ProFlo / DAP Products, Inc.	6
Ultra Clear Flexible All Purpose Waterproof Sealant	DAP Global, Inc.	6
Ultra PPD Packs & Ultra RC Packs	3M	6
Uni-Weld Cleaner or Purple Primer	United Elchem Industries c/o Oatey Co.	6
Venture Tape - Facing Tape	3M	6
WD-40 Multi Use Product 25% VOC Bulk Liquid	WD-40 Company	6
WD-40 Smart Straw Aerosol	WD-40 Company	6
Zep Orange Gel Degreaser	Zep, Inc.	6



# Safety Data Sheet

Issue Date: 27-Sep-2018

Revision Date: 10-Oct-2018

Version 1

## 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

**Product Name** 

SPLASH Premium RV & Marine Antifreeze -75°F

Other means of identification

SDS#/Part#

619535-35 (Gallon), 535055 (55 Gallon), 535250 (250 Gallon Tote)

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use

Antifreeze.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer Address

**FMP** 

1380 Corporate Center Curve, Suite 200

Eagan, MN 55121 Phone: 888-820-0802

Emergency telephone number

**Emergency Telephone** 

INFOTRAC 1-352-323-3500 (International)

1-800-535-5053 (North America)

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance Red liquid

Physical state Liquid

Odor None

#### Classification

This chemical does not meet the hazardous criteria set forth by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). However, this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of this product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical name	CAS No.
Glycerol	56-81-5 Weight-%
**If Chemical Name/CAS No is "proprietary" and/or W	10-15
of composition by the proprietary and/or W	tht % in time of

<sup>\*\*</sup>If Chemical Name/CAS No is "proprietary" and/or Weight-% is listed as a range, the specific chemical identity and/or percentage

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

## Description of first aid measures

General Advice

Provide this SDS to medical personnel for treatment.

SPLASH Premium RV & Marine Antifreeze -75°F\_All FG\_11-19-18

Eye Contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids.

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Consult a physician.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms See Section 11: Toxicological Information of this SDS for more detailed symptoms.

## Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Not determined.

#### Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Not determined.

#### Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions Use personal protective equipment as required.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for Containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for Clean-Up Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions for safe handling

Advice on Safe Handling Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Incompatible Materials

None known based on information supplied.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Exposure Guidelines** This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational

exposure limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

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Appropriate engineering controls

**Engineering Controls** Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Showers. Eyewash stations.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/Face Protection** Refer to 29 CFR 1910.133 for eye and face protection regulations.

Skin and Body Protection Refer to 29 CFR 1910.138 for appropriate skin and body protection.

**Respiratory Protection** Refer to 29 CFR 1910.134 for respiratory protection requirements.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Odor

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid **Appearance** Red liquid

None Color Red **Odor Threshold** Not determined

**Property** Values Remarks • Method

Ηq Melting point / freezing point -7 °C / 19.4 °F Boiling point / boiling range 95 °C / 203 °F Flash point Not determined **Evaporation Rate** Not determined

Flammability (Solid, Gas) Liquid - Not applicable Flammability Limit in Air

Upper flammability or explosive Not determined

limits

Lower flammability or explosive Not determined limits

Vapor Pressure Not determined

Vapor Density Not determined

**Relative Density** 1.04

Water Solubility Not determined Solubility in other solvents Not determined **Partition Coefficient** Not determined Autoignition temperature Not determined **Decomposition temperature** Not determined Kinematic viscosity Not determined **Dynamic Viscosity** Not determined **Explosive Properties** Not determined **Oxidizing Properties** Not determined

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#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions.

#### Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

#### Possibility of hazardous reactions

None under normal processing.

#### **Conditions to Avoid**

Keep out of reach of children.

#### Incompatible materials

None known based on information supplied.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

None known based on information supplied.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

**Product Information** 

**Eye Contact** Avoid contact with eyes.

**Skin Contact** Avoid contact with skin.

Inhalation Do not inhale.

Ingestion Do not ingest.

#### Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Glycerol 56-81-5	= 12600 mg/kg (Rat)	> 10 g/kg(Rabbit)	> 570 mg/m³ (Rat) 1 h
1,2 Propanediol 57-55-6	= 20 g/kg (Rat)	= 20800 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	-

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Symptoms** 

none known.

## Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Carcinogenicity

Based on the information provided, this product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens as listed by OSHA, IARC or NTP.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document .

Oral LD50 70,634.14 mg/kg Dermal LD50 59,954.50 mg/kg

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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#### **Ecotoxicity**

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

#### **Component Information**

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Glycerol 56-81-5 1,2 Propanediol 57-55-6	19000: 96 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50	51 - 57: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mL/L LC50 static 51600: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 static 41 - 47: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mL/L LC50 static 710: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 51400: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static	500: 24 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50 1000: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50 Static 10000: 24 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50

#### Persistence/Degradability

Not determined.

#### **Bioaccumulation**

There is no data for this product.

#### Mobility

Not determined

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Glycerol	
•	-1.76
56-81-5	

#### Other Adverse Effects

Not determined

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### **Waste Treatment Methods**

**Disposal of Wastes** Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Note Please see current shipping paper for most up to date shipping information, including

exemptions and special circumstances.

DOT Not regulated

IATA Not regulated

IMDG Not regulated

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

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#### International Inventories

Chemical name	TSCA	DSL/NDSL	EINECS/E LINCS	ENCS	IECSC	KECL	PICCS	AICS
Glycerol	Х	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
1,2 Propanediol	Х	Х	X	X	<u> </u>	X	×	X
Dipotassium Phosphate	Х	X	X	X	Х	X	X	

#### Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

#### **US Federal Regulations**

#### **CERCLA**

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355).

#### **SARA 313**

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

#### CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

#### US State Regulations

#### California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

#### U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Donnovilvenia
Glycerol	X	V	Pennsylvania
56-81-5	X	^	X
1,2 Propanediol	X		
57-55-6	,,		<b>X</b>

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA

HMIS

Health Hazards
Not determined
Health Hazards

Not determined

Flammability
Not determined
Flammability
Not determined

Instability
Not determined
Physical hazards
Not determined

Special Hazards
Not determined
Personal Protection
Not determined

Revision Date: 10-Oct-2018

Issue Date: Revision Date:

**Revision Note:** 

27-Sep-2018 10-Oct-2018 New format

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

**End of Safety Data Sheet** 



#### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Issue date: 01/25/2022 Revision date: 01/25/2022 Supersedes: 02/22/2021

Version: 1.5

#### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Identification

Product form Product name Product code Mixture Hilti Spray BU Direct Fastening



#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture

Recommended use

Lubricant

For professional use only

#### 1.3. Supplier

Supplier

Hilti, Inc. Legacy Tower, Suite 1000 7250 Dallas Parkway Plano, TX 75024 - USA

T +1 9724035800

1-800-879-8000 toll free - F +1 918 254 0522

Department issuing data specification sheet

Hilti Entwicklungsgesellschaft mbH

Hiltistraße 6

Kaufering, 86916 - Deutschland

T +49 8191 906876 anchor.hse@hilti.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number

Chem-Trec

Tel.: 1 800 424 9300 (USA, PR, Virgin Islands, Canada)

Tel.: 703 527 3887 (Other countries)

+1 918 8723000 1-800-879-8000 toll free

#### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **GHS-US** classification

Not classified

#### 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

#### **GHS US labelling**

No labelling applicable

#### 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

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#### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures

This mixture does not contain any substances to be mentioned according to the criteria of section 3.2 of HazCom 2012

#### SECTION 4: First-aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Allow affected person to

breathe fresh air. Allow the victim to rest.

First-aid measures after skin contact Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash with plenty of water/.... If skin irritation or

rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persists.

First-aid measures after ingestion Rinse mouth, Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting. Obtain emergency

medical attention.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

No additional information available

#### 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

No additional information available

fire

#### SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

#### 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Water spray. Carbon dioxide. Dry powder. Foam. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use a heavy water stream.

#### 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous decomposition products in case of

Thermal decomposition generates : Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide.

#### 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

chemical fire. Prevent fire fighting water from entering the environment.

Protection during firefighting Self-contained breathing apparatus. Do not enter fire area without proper protective

equipment, including respiratory protection.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures Spilled material may present a slipping hazard.

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

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Boiling point 300 °C Flash point 240 °C

Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)

Flammability (solid, gas)

Vapour pressure

No data available

No data available

Vapour pressure at 50 °C 1 hPa

Relative vapour density at 20 °C No data available
Relative density No data available
Density 0.93 g/cm³

Solubility No data available

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)

No data available

No data available

Decomposition temperature 200 °C

Viscosity, kinematic 23.4 mm²/s (40 °C)
Viscosity, dynamic No data available
Explosive limits No data available
Explosive properties No data available
Oxidising properties No data available

#### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

#### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No additional information available

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

No additional information available

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agent. Strong acids. Strong bases.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide. fume.

#### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) Not classified Acute toxicity (dermal) Not classified Acute toxicity (inhalation) Not classified Skin corrosion/irritation Not classified Serious eye damage/irritation Not classified Respiratory or skin sensitisation Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified Carcinogenicity Not classified Reproductive toxicity Not classified

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STOT-single exposure Not classified STOT-repeated exposure Not classified Aspiration hazard Not classified Viscosity, kinematic 23.4 mm²/s (40 °C)

#### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity

No additional information available

#### Persistence and degradability

No additional information available

#### Bioaccumulative potential

No additional information available

#### Mobility in soil

No additional information available

#### Other adverse effects 12.5.

No additional information available

#### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Disposal methods

Regional legislation (waste)

Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations

Dispose of contents/container to Avoid release to the environment, Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information on recovery/recycling.

Ecology - waste materials Avoid release to the environment.

#### SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / RID

ADR	IMDG	IATA	RID
14.1. UN number or ID nu	mber		
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.2. UN proper shipping	name		
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.3. Transport hazard cla	ass(es)		
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.4. Packing group			
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.5. Environmental haza	rds		
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated

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#### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

#### Overland transport

Not regulated

#### Transport by sea

Not regulated

#### Air transport

Not regulated

#### Rail transport

Not regulated

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

IBC code

Not applicable.

#### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are present and listed as Active on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

#### 15.2. International regulations

#### CANADA

No additional information available

#### **EU-Regulations**

No additional information available

#### National regulations

No additional information available

#### 15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date 01/25/2022

NFPA health hazard 0 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, would

offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible

materials.

NFPA fire hazard 1 - Materials that must be preheated before ignition can

occur.

NFPA reactivity 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even

under fire conditions.



#### Indication of changes:

V 20 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -			
Section	Changed item	Change	Comments

01/28/2022

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Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

3	Composition/information on ingredients	Modified	
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SDS\_US\_HIN

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product



Prepared to U.S. OSHA, CMA, ANSI, Canadian WHMIS, the Korean ISHA (Notice 2009-68), the Japanese Industrial Standard JIS Z 7250: 2000, Maxican NOM018-STPS 2000, SPRING Singapore, and the

#### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY UNDERTAKING

IDENTIFICATION OF THE MIXTURE

TRADE/MATERIAL NAME:

RELEVANT USE of the SUBSTANCE:

USES ADVISED AGAINST:

SUPPLIER/MANUFACTURER'S NAME:

Address:

**Business Phone:** 

Emergency Phone:

SpecSeal® LCI Intumescent Firestop Sealant

Firestop and Sound Transmission

Specified Technologies Inc.

210 Evans Way,

Somerville, New Jersey 08876

(908) 526-8000 (8:00am to 5:00pm Eastern Standard Time)

U.S., Canada: 1-800-255-3924 (24 hrs)

International: +1-813-248-0585 (collect-24 hrs)

EMAIL of Competent Person for Information on SDS:

techserv@stifirestop.com NOTE: ALL United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), U.S. State equivalent Standards, Canadian WHMIS (Controlled Products Regulations), Mexican NOM018-STPS 2000, SPRING Singapore, and Japanese JIS 27250 required information is included in appropriate sections based on the U.S. ANSI Z400.1-2010 format. This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the countries listed above

#### 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

GLOBAL HARMONIZATION AND JAPANESE JIS Z7253 LABELING AND CLASSIFICATION: This product has been classified per UN GHS Standards under U.S., Japanese and other applicable regulations that require Global Harmonization compliance.

Classification: Carcinogenic Category 2, Eye Irritation Category 2A, Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Inhalation-Respiratory Irritation) Single Exposure Category 3

Signal Word: Warning

Hazard Statements: H351: This product contains trace amounts of a suspected human carcinogen by inhalation: however, this hazard is not expected to be significant due to viscosity and consistency of the mixture.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation. H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary Statements:

Prevention: P201: Obtain special instructions before use, P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood, P261; Avoid breathing vapors, fume, P271; Use only in a well-ventilated area, P280; Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye protection and face protection. P284: Wear respiratory protection.

Response: P308 + P313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. P337 + P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P304 + P340: If inhaled, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P321: Specific treatment (remove from exposure and treat symptoms).

Storage: P403 + P233 + P405: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal: P501: Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazard Symbols: GHS07, GHS08

KOREAN ISHA (Notice 2009-68) LABELING AND CLASSIFICATION: Classified in accordance with ISHA Notice 2009-Under ISHA, no differences in classification are applicable.

#### 3. COMPOSITION and INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Hazardous Components:

Chemical Name	CAS#	Chinese IECSC Inventory	Japanese ENCS #	Korean ECL#	Taiwan NESCI ECS	WT%	LABEL ELEMENTS GHS & Japanese JIS Z7253 Classification Korean ISHA Classification GHS Hazard Codes
Aluminum Trihydrate	21645-51-2	Listed	1-17	KE-00980		15-25%	SELF CLASSIFICATION GHS & JAPANESE JIS Z7253, KOREAN ISHA: Classification: Eye Irritation Cat. 2A Hazard Codes: H319
Sulfuric Acid Compound with Graphile	12777-87-6	Not Listed	Not Listed	KE-32585		2-5%	SELF CLASSIFICATION GHS & JAPANESE JIS 27253, KOREAN ISHA: Classification: Carcinogenic Cat. 2 Hazard Codes: H351i
Crystalline Silica	14808-60-7	Listed	1-548	KE-29983		0.1-0.2%	SELF CLASSIFICATION GHS & JAPANESE JIS 27253, KOREAN ISHA: Classification, Carcinogenic Cat. 1, STOT (Inhalation-Lungs) RE Cat. 2 Hazard Statement Codes, H350, H373

**EFFECTIVE DATE: JANUARY 4, 2023** SPECSEAL® LCI INTUMESCENT FIRESTOP SEALANT SDS

#### 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Skin Exposure: If adverse skin effects occur, discontinue use and flush contaminated area. Seek medical attention if adverse effect occurs after flushing.

Inhalation: If fumes or vapors are inhaled, remove victim to fresh air.

Eye Exposure: If this product contaminates the eyes, rinse eyes under gently running water.

Ingestion: If this product is swallowed, CALL PHYSICIAN OR POISON CONTROL CENTER FOR MOST CURRENT INFORMATION. If professional advice is not available, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Pre-existing respiratory disorders may be aggravated by overexposures to this product.

#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: 338 °C (640 °F)

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: Not available.

FLAMMABLE LIMITS (in air by volume, %): Not applicable.

<u>FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA</u>: Use extinguishing materials suitable for the surrounding area.

UNSUITABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: None known.

<u>UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS</u>: This product is formulated to be non-flammable and non-combustible. When involved in a fire, this material may decompose and produce irritating vapors and toxic gases.

Explosion Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: Not sensitive.

Explosion Sensitivity to Static Discharge: Not sensitive.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE ACTIONS FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS: No special protective actions for fire-fighters are anticipated.

# NFPA RATING FLAMMABILITY 0 HEALTH 1 0 INSTABILITY

Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Proper protective equipment should be used.

Small Spills: Wear rubber gloves, safety glasses.

Large Spills: Minimum Personal Protection Equipment should be rubber gloves.

METHODS FOR CLEAN-UP AND CONTAINMENT: Spills of this product present minimal hazard.

Small Spills: Small releases can be carefully swept up or cleaned up using a damp sponge or polypads.

Large Spills: Access to the spill area should be restricted. For large spills, dike or otherwise contain spill and sweep-up or vacuum with non-sparking vacuum.

All Spills: Place all spill residue in a double plastic bag or other containment and seal. Close off sewers and take other measures to protect human health and the environment as necessary. Rinse area with soap and water solution and follow with a water rinse. Decontaminate the area thoroughly. Do not mix with wastes from other materials. Dispose of in accordance with applicable Federal, State, and local procedures (see Section 13, Disposal Considerations). For spills on water, contain, minimize dispersion and collect. Dispose of recovered material and report spill per regulatory requirements.

<u>ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS</u>: Avoid release to the environment. Run-off water may be contaminated by other materials and should be contained to prevent possible environmental damage.

#### 7. HANDLING and USE

<u>PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING</u>: As with all chemicals, avoid getting this material ON YOU or IN YOU. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or apply cosmetics while handling this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling this product or containers of this product. Avoid breathing fumes or vapors generated by this product. Use in a well-ventilated location.

CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE: Store containers in a cool, dry location, away from direct sunlight, sources of intense heat. Do not store above 55°C (131°F)

SPECIFIC END USE(S): This product is for use as a sealant. Follow all industry standards for use of this product.

**EFFECTIVE DATE: JANUARY 4, 2023** 

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS - PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **EXPOSURE LIMITS/CONTROL PARAMETERS:**

<u>Ventilation and Engineering Controls</u>: Use with adequate ventilation to ensure exposure levels are maintained below the limits provided below (if applicable). Exhaust directly to the outside, taking necessary precautions for environmental protection.

Workplace Exposure Limits/Control Parameters:

CHEMICAL	CAS#	EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR							
NAME		ACGI	-TLVs	OSHA-	PELs	NIOSH-	RELs	NIOSH	OTHER
		TWA mg/m³	STEL mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA mg/m³	STEL mg/m³	TWA mg/m³	STEL mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH mg/m <sup>3</sup>	mg/m³
Aluminum Trihydrate	21645-51-2	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	DFG MAKs: TWA = 4 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction); 1.5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) DFG MAK Pregnancy Risk Classification: D
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)	14808-60-7	0.025 (resp. fract.)	NE	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (resp. dust)	NE	0.05 (resp. dust)	NE	50	Carcinogen: IARC-1, MAK-1 (respirable fraction), NOSH-Ca, NTP- K (respirable fraction), TLV-A2
Sulfuric Acid Compound with Graphite	12777-87-6	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE

NE = Not Established.

See Section 16 for Definitions of Other Terms Used

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: The following information on appropriate Personal Protective Equipment is provided to assist employers in complying with OSHA regulations found in 29 CFR Subpart I (beginning at 1910.132, including U.S. Federal OSHA Respiratory Protection (29 CFR 1910.134), OSHA Eye Protection 29 CFR 1910.133, OSHA Hard Protection 29 CFR 1910.138, OSHA Foot Protection 29 CFR 1910.136 and OSHA Body Protection 29 CFR1910.132), equivalent standards of Canada (including CSA Respiratory Standard Z94.4-02, Z94.3-M1982, Industrial Eye and Face Protectors and CSA Standard Z195-02, Protective Footwear), or standards of Japan (including JIS T 8116:2005 for glove selection, JIS T 8150:2006 for respiratory PPE, JIS T 8147:2003 for eye protectors, and JIS T 8030:2005 for protective clothing). Please reference applicable regulations and standards for relevant details.

Respiratory Protection: Maintain airborne contaminant concentrations below exposure limits listed above. For materials without listed exposure limits, minimize respiratory exposure. If necessary, use only respiratory protection authorized under appropriate regulations. Eye Protection: Wear splash goggles or safety glasses as appropriate for the task.

Hand Protection: Wash hands and wrists before putting on and after removing gloves. During manufacture or other similar operations, wear the appropriate hand protection for the process.

<u>Skin Protection</u>: Use appropriate protective clothing for the task (e.g., lab coat, etc.). If necessary, refer to the U.S. OSHA Technical Manual (Section VII: Personal Protective Equipment) or other appropriate regulations.

#### 9. PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

FORM: Paste.

MOLECULAR FORMULA: Mixture.

ODOR: Mild acrylic.

FLAMMABLE LIMITS (in air by volume, %): Not applicable.

DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE: Not available. AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: Not available.

FREEZING/MELTING POINT: Not available.

VAPOR PRESSURE: Not available.

VAPOR DENSITY (air = 1): Not available.

EVAPORATION RATE (n-BuAc = 1): > 1

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Insoluble.

COEFFICIENT WATER/OIL DISTRIBUTION: Not established.

COLOR: Red

MOLECULAR WEIGHT: Mixture.

ODOR THRESHOLD: Not available.

OXIDIZING PROPERTIES: Not applicable.

PERCENT VOLATILE: 22 FLASH POINT: Not available.

BOILING POINT: > 100°C (> 212°F) SPECIFIC GRAVITY (water = 1): 1.38

<u>CARB VOC</u>: 0.29 wt % (calc.) VOC (U.S. EPA Method 24): 26 gm/L

SOLUBILITY IN SOLVENTS: Not available.

pH: Not available.

HOW TO DETECT THIS SUBSTANCE (warning properties in event of accidental release): The appearance may be characteristics to distinguish a release of this product.

#### 10. STABILITY and REACTIVITY

<u>CHEMICAL STABILITY</u>: This product is stable when properly stored at normal temperature and pressures (see Section 7, Handling and Storage).

<u>DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS</u>: Combustion: If exposed to extremely high temperatures, thermal decomposition may generate irritating fumes and toxic gases (e.g., aluminum, calcium, carbon, and sulfur oxides, and acrylic monomers). Hydrolysis: None known.

MATERIALS WITH WHICH SUBSTANCE IS INCOMPATIBLE: This product is incompatible with strong oxidizers.

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION OR REACTION: Will not occur.

<u>CONDITIONS TO AVOID</u>: Avoid exposure to or contact with extreme temperatures and incompatible chemicals.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<u>Inhalation</u>: Inhalation of fumes or vapors may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and lungs and cause coughing. Removal to fresh air should relieve symptoms. The trace Crystalline Silica component is a known human carcinogen. Due to the form of this product, this hazard is not as significant as a powdered or solid products, however, all inhalation exposure must be avoided in order to mitigate carcinogenic potential.

<u>Contact with Skin or Eyes</u>: Direct eye contact may cause irritation, redness, and tearing from mechanical irritation. Prolonged or repeated skin exposures may cause dermatitis (dry red skin).

Skin Absorption: Components are not known to be absorbed through intact skin.

<u>Ingestion</u>: Ingestion is not a significant route of occupational exposure and is unlikely to occur.

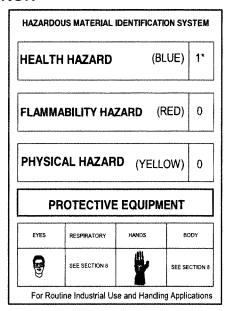
<u>Injection</u>: Accidental injection of this product, via laceration or puncture by a contaminated object can cause redness at the site of injection.

<u>HEALTH EFFECTS OR RISKS FROM EXPOSURE</u>: Exposure to this product may cause the following health effects:

<u>Acute</u>: Inhalation of fumes or vapors may cause irritation of respiratory system. Eye contact may cause mechanical irritation.

<u>Chronic</u>: Prolonged or repeated skin exposure may cause dermatitis (dry red skin). This product contains trace amounts of a suspected human carcinogen by inhalation: however, this hazard is not expected to be significant due to the viscosity and consistency of the mixture.

<u>TARGET ORGANS</u>: Acute: Skin, eyes, respiratory system. Chronic: Skin.



Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate
3 = Serious 4 = Severe \* = Chronic hazard

<u>IRRITANCY OF PRODUCT</u>: Inhalation of fumes or vapors may cause respiratory irritation. Eye contact may cause irritation. Prolonged skin contact may cause irritation.

<u>SENSITIZATION OF PRODUCT</u>: This product is not currently known to cause allergic skin or respiratory reaction.

<u>CARCINOGENIC POTENTIAL OF COMPONENTS</u>: Components of this product are listed by agencies tracking the carcinogenic potential of chemical compounds, as follows:

CRYSTALLINE SILICA: ACGIH-TLV-A2 (Suspected Human Carcinogen); IARC-1 (Carcinogenic to Humans); MAK-1 (Substances that Cause Cancer in Man and Can Be Assumed to Make a Significant Contribution to Cancer Risk); NIOSH-Ca (Potential Occupational Carcinogen with No Further Categorization); NTP-K (Known to Be a Human Carcinogen)

The remaining components are not found on the following lists: U.S. EPA, U.S. NTP, U.S. OSHA, U.S. NIOSH, GERMAN MAK, IARC, or ACGIH and therefore is neither considered to be nor suspected to be a cancer-causing agent by these agencies.

<u>REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY INFORMATION</u>: Components of this product have no reported mutagenic, embryotoxic, teratogenic or reproductive toxicity.

ACGIH BIOLOGICAL EXPOSURE INDICES (BEIs): Currently, there are no ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs) determined for this material.

<u>DEGREE OF EFFECT TO THE HEALTH OF THE POLLUTING AGENT OF ENVIRONMENT OF WORK (per Mexican NOM-010 STPS-1999)</u>: 0

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

MOBILITY: This product has not been tested for mobility in soil.

<u>PERSISTENCE AND BIODEGRADABILITY</u>: This product has not been tested for persistence or biodegradability. The mineral components are not expected to biodegrade to great extent.

BIO-ACCUMULATION POTENTIAL: This product has not been tested for bio-accumulation potential.

<u>ECOTOXICITY</u>: This product has not been tested for aquatic or animal toxicity. All releases to terrestrial, atmospheric and aquatic environments should be avoided.

OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS: This material is not listed as having ozone depletion potential.

<u>ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS</u>: Controls should be engineered to prevent release to the environment, including procedures to prevent spills, atmospheric release and release to waterways.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

<u>DISPOSAL METHODS</u>: It is the responsibility of the generator to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets the criteria of a hazardous waste per regulations of the area in which the waste is generated and/or disposed of. Waste disposal must be in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, and local regulations. <u>DISPOSAL CONTAINERS</u>: Waste materials must be placed in and shipped in appropriate 5-gallon or 55-gallon poly or metal waste pails or drums. <u>PRECAUTIONS TO BE FOLLOWED DURING WASTE HANDLING</u>: Wear proper protective equipment when handling waste materials.

U.S. EPA WASTE NUMBER: Not applicable.

#### 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

- <u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION REGULATIONS</u>: This product is not classified as dangerous goods, per U.S. DOT regulations, under 49 CFR 172.101.
- TRANSPORT CANADA TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS REGULATIONS: This product is not classified as Dangerous Goods, per regulations of Transport Canada.
- <u>INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION (IATA)</u>: This product is not classified as dangerous goods under rules of IATA.
- INTERNATIONAL MARITIME ORGANIZATION (IMO) DESIGNATION: This product is not classified as Dangerous Goods by the International Maritime Organization.
- OFFICIAL MEXICAN STANDARD; REGULATION FOR THE TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS AND RESIDUES: This product is not classified as Dangerous Goods, per transport regulations of Mexico.
- SINGAPORE STANDARD 286: PART A: This product has no requirements under the Specification for Caution Labeling for Hazardous Substances, Part 4: Marking of Packages, Containers and Vehicles, as it does not meet the criteria for any hazard class under this regulation.
- TRANSPORT IN BULK ACCORDING TO THE IBC CODE: See the information under the individual jurisdiction listings for IBC information.
- <u>ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS</u>: This material does not meet the criteria of environmentally hazardous according to the criteria of the UN Model Regulations (as reflected in the IMDG Code, ADR, RID, and ADN) and is not listed in Annex III under MARPOL 73/78.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### **UNITED STATES REGULATIONS:**

- <u>U.S. SARA Reporting Requirements</u>: This product is not subject to the reporting requirements of Sections 302, 304, and 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.
- <u>U.S. SARA Hazard Categories (Section 311/312, 40 CFR 370-21)</u>: ACUTE: Yes; CHRONIC: Yes; FIRE: No; REACTIVE: No; SUDDEN RELEASE: No
- <u>U.S. SARA Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)</u>: There are no specific Threshold Planning Quantities for components. The default Federal SDS submission and inventory requirement filing threshold of 10,000 lb (4,540 kg) may apply, per 40 CFR 370.20.
- U.S. CERCLA Reportable Quantity (RQ): Not applicable.
- U.S. TSCA Inventory Status: Components of this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory.
- <u>California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65)</u>: The trace Crystalline Silica component (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size) is found on the Proposition 65 List of chemicals known to the state to cause cancer. Due to the form of the product, the Proposition 65 warning for this component is not applicable.

#### **CANADIAN REGULATIONS:**

- Canadian DSL/NDSL Inventory Status: Components are on the DSL or NDSL Inventories.
- Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA) Priorities Substances Lists: Components are not on the CEPA Priorities Substances Lists.
- <u>Canadian WHMIS Classification and Symbols</u>: This product would be categorized as a Controlled Product, D2B (Other Toxic Effects-Potential Carcinogenic Effect, Irritation) as per the Controlled Product Regulations.



#### **CHINESE REGULATIONS:**

<u>Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Status</u>: Components listed by CAS# are listed on the Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (IECSC), or are not listed, per information in Section 2.

#### JAPANESE REGULATIONS

- <u>Japanese ENCS</u>: Components listed by CAS# are on the ENCS Inventory, are excepted, or are not listed, per information in Section 2. <u>Japanese Ministry of Economy, Trade, and Industry (METI) Status</u>: Components are not listed as Class I Specified Chemical Substances, or Designated Chemical Substances by the Japanese METI.
- <u>Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law</u>: Components are not listed as a Specified Poisonous Substance under the Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law.

#### KOREAN REGULATIONS:

Korean Existing Chemicals List (ECL) Status: Components listed by CAS# are listed on the Korean ECL Inventory, or are not listed, per information in Section 2.

#### **MEXICAN REGULATIONS:**

Mexican Workplace Regulations (NOM-018-STPS-2000): This product is classified as hazardous.

#### SINGAPORE REGULATIONS:

<u>List of Controlled Hazardous Substances</u>: Components listed by CAS# are not listed on the Singapore List of Controlled Substances.

<u>Code of Practice On Pollution Control Requirements</u>: The components identified by CAS# in Section 2 (Composition and Information on Ingredients) NOT are subject to the requirements under the Singapore Code of Practice on Pollution Control.

#### TAIWANESE REGULATIONS:

Taiwan Existing Chemical Substances Inventory Status: Components listed by CAS# are listed on the Taiwan Existing Chemicals List.

SPECSEAL® LCI INTUMESCENT FIRESTOP SEALANT SDS EFFECTIVE DATE: JANUARY 4, 2023

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

REFERENCES AND DATA SOURCES: Contact the supplier for information.

METHODS OF EVALUATING INFORMATION FOR THE PURPOSE OF CLASSIFICATION: Criteria of the GHS were used for classification.

CHEMICAL SAFETY ASSOCIATES, Inc. • PO Box 1961, Hilo, HI 96721-1961 • (800) 441-3365 PREPARED BY:

DATE OF PRINTING: REVISED:

December 14, 2023 June 5, 2018 June 1, 2019 August 11, 2020 January 4, 2023

**REVISION DETAILS:** 

Revised Proposition 65 statement. Revised Hazards Identification profile.

Periodic document review.



Prepared to U.S. OSHA, CMA, ANSI, Canadian WHMIS, the Korean ISHA (Notice 2009-68), the Japanese Industrial Standard JIS Z 7250, 2000, Mexican NOM018-STPS 2000, SPRING Singapore, and the Global Harmonization Standard

#### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY UNDERTAKING

IDENTIFICATION OF THE MIXTURE

TRADE/MATERIAL NAME:

RELEVANT USE of the SUBSTANCE:

USES ADVISED AGAINST:

SUPPLIER/MANUFACTURER'S NAME:

Address:

**Business Phone:** 

Emergency Phone:

SpecSeal® Smoke 'N' Sound Acoustical Sealant

Firestop and Sound Transmission

None

Specified Technologies Inc.

210 Evans Way,

Somerville, New Jersey 08876

(908) 526-8000 (8:00am to 5:00pm Eastern Standard Time)

U.S., Canada: 1-800-255-3924 (24 hrs)

International: +1-813-248-0585 (collect-24 hrs)

EMAIL of Competent Person for Information on SDS:

techserv@stifirestop.com

NOTE: ALL United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), U.S. State equivalent Standards, Canadian WHMIS [Controlled Products Regulations], Mexican NOM018-STPS 2000, SPRING Singapore, and Japanese JIS Z7250 required information is included in appropriate sections based on the U.S. ANSI Z400.1-2010 format. This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the countries listed above.

#### 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

GLOBAL HARMONIZATION AND JAPANESE JIS Z7253 LABELING AND CLASSIFICATION: This product has been classified per UN GHS Standards under U.S., Japanese and other applicable regulations that require Global Harmonization compliance.

<u>Classification</u>: Carcinogenic Category 1, Eye Irritation Category 2A, Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Inhalation-Respiratory Irritation)
Single Exposure Category 3

Signal Word: Warning

<u>Hazard Statements</u>: H351: This product contains trace amounts of a suspected human carcinogen by inhalation: however, this hazard is not expected to be significant due to viscosity and consistency of the mixture.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation. H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary Statements:

<u>Prevention</u>: P201: Obtain special instructions before use. P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P261: Avoid breathing vapors, fumes. P271: Use only in a well-ventilated area. P280: Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye protection and face protection. P284: Wear respiratory protection.

Response: P308 + P313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. P337 + P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P304 + P340: If inhaled, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P321: Specific treatment (remove from exposure and treat symptoms).

Storage: P403 + P233 + P405: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal: P501: Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazard Symbols: GHS07, GHS08

# **>**

#### 3. COMPOSITION and INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Hazardous Components:

Chemical Name	CAS#	Chinese IECSC Inventory	Japanese ENCS #	Korean ECL#	Taiwan NESCI ECS	WT%	LABEL ELEMENTS GHS & Japanese JIS Z7253 Classification Korean ISHA Classification GHS Hazard Codes
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	Listed	1-558	KE-33390		1-2%	SELF CLASSIFICATION GHS & JAPANESE JIS Z7253, KOREAN ISHA: Classification: Carcinogenic Cat. 2 Hazard Codes: H351i
Crystalline Silica	14808-60-7	Listed	1-548	KE-29983		0.05-0.5%	SELF CLASSIFICATION GHS & JAPANESE JIS 27253, KOREAN ISHA: Classification: Carcinogenic Cat. 1, STOT (Inhalation-Lungs) RE Cat. 2 Hazard Statement Codes: H350, H373

#### 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

<u>DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES</u>: Contaminated individuals must be taken for medical attention if any adverse effects occur. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Take a copy of this SDS to health professional with victim. Wash clothing and thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Take a copy of label and SDS to physician or health professional with the contaminated individual.

<u>Skin Exposure</u>: If adverse skin effects occur, discontinue use and flush contaminated area. Seek medical attention if adverse effect occurs after flushing.

<u>Inhalation</u>: If fumes or vapors are inhaled, remove victim to fresh air. Seek medical attention if adverse effect continues after removal to fresh air.

Eye Exposure: If this product contaminates the eyes, rinse eyes under gently running water. Use sufficient force to open eyelids and then "roll" eyes while flushing. Minimum flushing is for 20 minutes. <u>Ingestion</u>: If this product is swallowed, CALL PHYSICIAN OR POISON CONTROL CENTER FOR MOST CURRENT INFORMATION. If professional advice is not available, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Never induce vomiting or give diluents (milk or water) to someone who is <u>unconscious</u>, having convulsions, or <u>unable to</u> swallow.

<u>MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE</u>: Pre-existing respiratory disorders may be aggravated by overexposures to this product.

<u>INDICATION OF IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT IF NEEDED</u>: Treat symptoms and eliminate exposure.

#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: 320 °C (608 °F)

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: Not available.

FLAMMABLE LIMITS (in air by volume, %): Not applicable.

FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use extinguishing materials suitable for the surrounding area.

UNSUITABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: None known.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: This product is formulated to be non-flammable and non-combustible.

When involved in a fire, this material may decompose and produce irritating vapors and toxic gases

Explosion Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: Not sensitive.

Explosion Sensitivity to Static Discharge: Not sensitive.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE ACTIONS FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS: No Special protective actions for fire-fighters are anticipated.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES: Uncontrolled releases should be responded to by trained personnel using pre-planned procedures. Proper protective equipment should be used. Call CHEMTREC (1-800-424-9300) for emergency assistance. Or if in Canada, call CANUTEC (613-996-6666).

<u>PÈRSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT</u>: Proper protective equipment should be used.

<u>Small Spills</u>: Wear rubber gloves, splash goggles, and appropriate body protection. <u>Large Spills</u>: Minimum Personal Protective Equipment should be chemical resistant gloves

<u>METHODS FOR CLEAN-UP AND CONTAINMENT</u>: Spills of this product present minimal hazard.

<u>Small Spills</u>: Small releases can be carefully swept up or cleaned up using a damp sponge or polypads.

#### METHODS FOR CLEAN-UP AND CONTAINMENT (continued):

<u>Large Spills</u>: Access to the spill area should be restricted. For large spills, dike or otherwise contain spill and sweep-up or vacuum with non-sparking vacuum.

<u>All Spills</u>: Place all spill residue in a double plastic bag or other containment and seal.

Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

Close off sewers and take other measures to protect human health and the environment as necessary. Rinse area with soap and water solution and follow with a water rinse.. Do not mix with wastes from other materials. Dispose of in accordance with applicable Federal, State, and local procedures (see Section 13, Disposal Considerations). For spills on water, contain, minimize dispersion and collect. Dispose of recovered material and report spill per regulatory requirements.

<u>ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS</u>: Avoid release to the environment. Run-off water may be contaminated by other materials and should be contained to prevent possible environmental damage.

OTHER

0

INSTABILITY

FLAMMABILITY

0

1

HEALTH

**EFFECTIVE DATE: JANUARY 17, 2023** 

#### 7. HANDLING and USE

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING: As with all chemicals, avoid getting this material ON YOU or IN YOU. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or apply cosmetics while handling this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling this product or containers of this product. Avoid breathing fumes or vapors generated by this product. Use in a well-ventilated

CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE: Store containers in a cool, dry location, away from direct sunlight, sources of intense heat. Do not store above 55°C (131°F)

SPECIFIC END USE(S): This product is for use as a sealant. Follow all industry standards for use of this product.

PROTECTIVE PRACTICES DURING MAINTENANCE OF CONTAMINATED EQUIPMENT: Follow practices indicated in Section 6 (Accidental Release Measures). Collect all rinsates and dispose of according to applicable Federal, State, and local procedures.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS - PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### EXPOSURE LIMITS/CONTROL PARAMETERS:

Ventilation and Engineering Controls: Use with adequate ventilation to ensure exposure levels are maintained below the limits provided below (if applicable). Exhaust directly to the outside, taking necessary precautions for environmental protection.

Workplace Exposure Limits/Control Parameters:

CHEMICAL	CAS#	EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR							
NAME	ACGIH		ACGIH-TLVs OSHA-PELs		NIOSH-REL		RELs NIOSH		OTHER
		TWA mg/m³	STEL mg/m³	TWA mg/m³	STEL mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA mg/m³	STEL mg/m³	IDLH mg/m³	mg/m³
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)	14808-60-7	0.025 (resp. fract.)	NE	0.05 mg/m³ (resp. dust)	NE	0.05 (resp. dust)	NE	50	Carcinogen: IARC-1, MAK-1 (respirable fraction), NOSH- Ca, NTP-K (respirable fraction), TLV-A2
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10	NE	15 (total dust); 10 (vacated 1989 PEL)	NE	See Pocke App.		5000 (Ca)	Carcinogen: IARC-2B, MAK- 3A, NIOSH-Ca; TLV-A3

NE = Not Established.

See Section 16 for Definitions of Other Terms Used

International Occupational Exposure Limits: Currently, the following additional exposure limit values have been established by various countries for the components of this mixture. More current limits may be available; individual countries should be consulted to determine if newer limits are available.

**CRYSTALLINE SILICA:** 

Australia: TWA = 0.1 mg/m3, JUL 2008

Delgium: TWA = 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (resp. dust), MAR 2002 Denmark: TWA = 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (respirable), carc, MAY 2011

Denmark: TWA = 0.1 mg/m³ (resp.), carc, MAY2011 Denmark: TWA = 0.3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (total), MAY 2011

Finland: TWA = 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, resp. dust, SEP 2009 France: VME = 0.1 mg/m³, (resp), FEB 2006 Iceland: TWA = 0.1 mg/m³ (resp, dust), NOV 2011

Japan: OEL-C = 0.03 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (respirable), APR 2007 Korea: TWA = 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 2006

Mexico: TWA = 0.1 mg/m³ (respirable), 2004 The Netherlands: MAC-TGG = 0.075 mg/m³, 2003

New Zealand: TWA = 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (respirable dust), JAN 2002

Norway: TWA = 0.1 mg/m3 (resp. dust), JAN 1999

Norway: TWA = 0.3 mg/m3 (total dust), JAN 1999

#### TITANIUM DIOXIDE:

ARAB Republic of Egypt: TWA = 15 mg/m³, JAN 1993 Austria: MAK-TMW = 5 mg/m³, KZW = 10 mg/m³, resp, 2007 Belgium: TWA = 10 mg/m³, MAR 2002

Denmark: TWA = 6 mg(Ti)/m3, MAY 2011

France: VME = 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, FEB 2006

Germany: MAK = 1.5 mg/m³ (respirable), 2005 lceland: TWA = 6 mg(Ti)/m³, NOV 2011 Japan: OEL = 1 mg/m³ (resp. dust), 4 mg/m³ (total dust), MAY 2009 Korea: TWA = 10 mg/m³, 2006

Mexico: TWA = 10 mg(Ti)/m3; STEL = 20 mg(Ti)/m3, 2004

The Netherlands: MAC-TGG = 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 2003

Peru: TWA = 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, JUL 2005

Russia: TWA = 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, STEL = 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, JUN 2003

Sweden: TWA = 0.1 mg/m3 (resp. dust), JUN 2005 Switzerland: MAK-W = 0.15 mg/m³, DEC 2006

Thailand: TWA = 10 mg/m3 (resp. dust), JAN 1993

Thailand: TWA = 30 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (total dust), JAN 1993

United Kingdom: TWA = 0.1 mg/m³ (resp. dust), OCT 2007

In Argentina, Bulgaria, Colombia, Jordan, Singapore, Vietnam check ACGIH TLV

#### GROUND LIMESTONE:

Belgium: TWA = 10 mg/m³, MAR 2002

Hungary: TWA = 10 mg/m3, SEP 2000

Japan: OEL = 2  $mg/m^3$  (resp. dust), 84  $mg/m^3$  (total dust), MAY 2012 Korea: TWA = 10  $mg/m^3$ , 2006

Mexico: TWA = 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; STEL = 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (inhalable), 2004

The Netherlands: MAC-TGG = 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 2003

New Zealand: TWA = 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (inspirable dust), JAN 2002

Norway: TWA = 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, JAN 1999

Peru: TWA = 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, JUL 2005

Poland: MAC(TWA) = 10 mg(Ti)/m3, MAC(STEL) = 30 mg(Ti)/m3, JAN 1999

Russia: TWA = 10 mg/m3, JUN 2003 Sweden: TWA = 5 mg/m3 (total dust), JUN 2005

Switzerland: MAK-W = 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, DEC 2006

Turkey: TWA = 15 mg/m³, JAN 1993 United Kingdom: TWA = 10 mg/m³ (inhal. dust), OCT 2007 United Kingdom: TWA = 4 mg/m3 (resp. dust), OCT 2007

In Argentina, Bulgaria, Colombia, Jordan, Singapore, Vietnam check ACGIH TLV

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: The following information on appropriate Personal Protective Equipment is provided to assist employers in complying with OSHA regulations found in 29 CFR Subpart I (beginning at 1910.132, including U.S. Federal OSHA Respiratory Protection (29 CFR 1910.134), OSHA Eye Protection 29 CFR 1910.133, OSHA Hard Protection 29 CFR 1910.138, OSHA Foot Protection 29 CFR 1910.136 and OSHA Body Protection 29 CFR1910.132), equivalent standards of Canada (including CSA Respiratory Standard Z94.4-02, Z94.3-M1982, Industrial Eye and Face Protectors and CSA Standard Z195-02, Protective Footwear), or standards of Japan (including JIS T 8116:2005 for glove selection, JIS T 8150:2006 for respiratory PPE, JIS T 8147:2003 for eye protectors, and JIS T 8030:2005 for protective clothing). Please reference applicable regulations and standards for relevant details.

Respiratory Protection: Maintain airborne contaminant concentrations below exposure limits listed above. For materials without listed

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS - PERSONAL PROTECTION (Continued)

exposure limits, minimize respiratory exposure. If necessary, use only respiratory protection authorized under appropriate regulations. Eye Protection: Wear splash goggles or safety glasses as appropriate for the task.

Hand Protection: During manufacture or other similar operations, wear the appropriate hand protection for the process.

Skin Protection: Use appropriate protective clothing. If necessary, refer to the U.S. OSHA Technical Manual (Section VII: Personal Protective Equipment) or other appropriate regulations. Full-body chemical protective clothing is recommended for emergency response procedures.

#### 9. PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

FORM: Paste.

MOLECULAR FORMULA: Mixture.

ODOR: Mild acrylic.

FLAMMABLE LIMITS (in air by volume, %): Not applicable.

<u>DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE</u>: Not available. AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: Not available.

FREEZING/MELTING POINT: Not available.

VAPOR PRESSURE: Not available.

VAPOR DENSITY (air = 1): Not available.

EVAPORATION RATE (n-BuAc = 1): > 1

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Dissolves when wet; insoluble when cured. SOLUBILITY IN SOLVENTS: Not available.

COEFFICIENT WATER/OIL DISTRIBUTION: Not established.

pH: Not available.

COLOR: White.

MOLECULAR WEIGHT: Mixture.
ODOR THRESHOLD: Not available.

PERCENT VOLATILE: 24 FLASH POINT: 320 C 608 F

CARB VOC: 0.28 wt % (calc.)

VOC (U.S. EPA Method 24): 20 g/L

OXIDIZING PROPERTIES: Not applicable.

BOILING POINT: 100-105°C (212-221°F) SPECIFIC GRAVITY (water = 1): 1.3 gm/L

HOW TO DETECT THIS SUBSTANCE (warning properties in event of accidental release): The appearance may be characteristics to distinguish a release of this product.

#### 10. STABILITY and REACTIVITY

<u>CHEMICAL STABILITY</u>: This product is stable when properly stored at normal temperature and pressures (see Section 7, Handling and Storage).

<u>DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS</u>: Combustion: If exposed to extremely high temperatures, thermal decomposition may generate irritating fumes and toxic Hydrolysis: None known.

MATERIALS WITH WHICH SUBSTANCE IS INCOMPATIBLE: This product is incompatible with strong oxidizers.

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION OR REACTION: Will not occur.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid exposure to or contact with extreme temperatures and incompatible chemicals.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<u>SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE BY ROUTE OF EXPOSURE</u>: The health hazard information provided below is pertinent to employees using this product in an occupational setting. The following paragraphs describe the symptoms of exposure by route of exposure.

<u>Inhalation</u>: Inhalation of fumes or vapors may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and lungs and cause coughing. Removal to fresh air should relieve symptoms. This product contains trace amounts of a suspected human carcinogen by inhalation: however, this hazard is not expected to be significant due to viscosity and consistency of the mixture.

<u>Contact with Skin or Eyes</u>: Direct eye contact may cause irritation, redness, and tearing from mechanical irritation. Prolonged or repeated skin exposures may cause dermatitis (dry red skin).

Skin Absorption: Components are not known to be absorbed through intact skin.

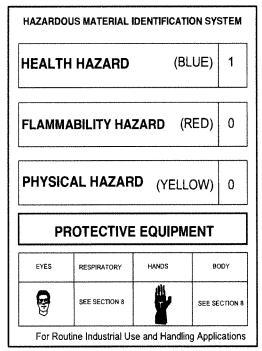
<u>Ingestion</u>: Ingestion is not a significant route of occupational exposure and is unlikely to occur.

<u>Injection</u>: Accidental injection of this product, via laceration or puncture by a contaminated object can cause redness at the site of injection. Animal data for the Crystalline Silica component indicate that it may cause carcinogenic effects by this route of exposure.

<u>HEALTH EFFECTS OR RISKS FROM EXPOSURE</u>: Exposure to this product may cause the following health effects:

<u>Acute</u>: Inhalation of fumes or vapors may cause irritation of respiratory system. Eye contact may cause mechanical irritation.

<u>Chronic</u>: Prolonged or repeated skin exposure may cause dermatitis (dry red skin). This product contains trace amounts of a suspected human carcinogen by



Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe \* = Chronic hazard

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (Suite)

inhalation: however, this hazard is not expected to be significant due to to viscosity and consistency of the mixture.

TARGET ORGANS: Acute: Skin, eyes, respiratory system. Chronic: Skin.

<u>TOXICITY DATA</u>: Currently, the following toxicological data are available for components of 1% or more concentration. Due to the large amount of data available for the Titanium Dioxide and Crystalline Silica components, only human data, LD50 Oral Rat and Mouse, LD50 Skin Rabbit and Rat, LC50 Inhalation Rat and Mouse, carcinogenic and mutation data are provided. Contact STI for information on additional data for these components.

#### PROPRIETARY BENZOATE ESTERS:

LD<sub>50</sub> (Skin-Rat) > 2000 mg/kg

LC50 (Inhalation-Rat) 4 hours = > 220 mg/L

#### TITANIUM DIOXIDE:

Standard Draize Test (Skin-Human) 300 µg/3 days-intermittent: Mild

TC (Inhalation-Rat) 10 mg/m³/18 hours/2 years-intermittent: Tumorigenic: carcinogenic by RTECS criteria; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration: tumors

TDLo (Intratracheal-Mouse) 100 mg/kg: Tumorigenic: increased incidence of tumors in susceptible strains

#### TITANIUM DIOXIDE (continued):

TD (Intramuscular-Rat) 260 mg/kg/84 weeks-intermittent: Tumorigenic: equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria; Blood: lymphoma, including Hodgkin's disease; Tumorigenic: tumors at site of application

TDLo (Intramuscular-Rat) 360 mg/kg/2 years-intermittent: Tumorigenic: neoplastic by RTECS criteria; Blood: lymphoma, including Hodgkin's disease; Tumorigenic: tumors at site of application

TCLo (Inhalation-Rat) 250 mg/m³/6 hours/2 years-intermittent: Tumorigenic: carcinogenic by RTECS criteria; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration: tumors

DNA Damage (Human Lung) 100 µg/plate

DNA Damage (Human Lung) 20 µg/disk/4 hours

Sister Chromatid Exchange (Human Lymphocyte) 2 µmol/L/72 hours

Micronucleus Test (Human Lymphocyte) 5 µmol/L/72 hours

Micronucleus Test (Intraperitoneal-Mouse) 3 gm/kg/3 days-continuous

Micronucleus Test (Hamster Ovary) 5 μmol/L DNA Inhibition (Hamster Lung) 500 mg/L

Sister Chromatid Exchange (Hamster Ovary) 1 µmol/L

<u>IRRITANCY OF PRODUCT</u>: Inhalation of fumes or vapors may cause respiratory irritation. Eye contact may cause irritation. Prolonged skin contact may cause irritation.

SENSITIZATION OF PRODUCT: This product is not currently known to cause allergic skin or respiratory reaction.

<u>CARCINOGENIC POTENTIAL OF COMPONENTS</u>: Components of this product are listed by agencies tracking the carcinogenic potential of chemical compounds, as follows:

CRYSTALLINE SILICA: ACGIH-TLV-A2 (Suspected Human Carcinogen); IARC-1 (Carcinogenic to Humans); MAK-1 (Substances that Cause Cancer in Man and Can Be Assumed to Make a Significant Contribution to Cancer Risk); NIOSH-Ca (Potential Occupational Carcinogen with No Further Categorization); NTP-K (Known to Be a Human Carcinogen)

TITANIUM DIOXIDE: ACGIH TLV-A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen); IARC-3 (Unclassifiable as to Carcinogenicity in Humans); NIOSH-Ca (Potential Occupational Carcinogen, with No Further Categorization)

<u>CARCINOGENIC POTENTIAL OF COMPONENTS (continued)</u>: The remaining components are not found on the following lists: U.S. EPA, U.S. NTP, U.S. OSHA, U.S. NIOSH, GERMAN MAK, IARC, or ACGIH and therefore is neither considered to be nor suspected to be a cancer-causing agent by these agencies.

<u>REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY INFORMATION</u>: Components of this product have no reported mutagenic, embryotoxic, teratogenic or reproductive toxicity.

ACGIH BIOLOGICAL EXPOSURE INDICES (BEIs): Currently, there are no ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs) determined for this material.

DEGREE OF EFFECT TO THE HEALTH OF THE POLLUTING AGENT OF ENVIRONMENT OF WORK (per Mexican NOM-010 STPS-1999): 0

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ALL WORK PRACTICES MUST BE AIMED AT ELIMINATING ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION.

MOBILITY: This product has not been tested for mobility in soil.

<u>PERSISTENCE AND BIODEGRADABILITY</u>: This product has not been tested for persistence or biodegradability. The mineral components are not expected to biodegrade to great extent.

BIO-ACCUMULATION POTENTIAL: This product has not been tested for bio-accumulation potential.

<u>ECOTOXICITY</u>: This product has not been tested for aquatic or animal toxicity. All releases to terrestrial, atmospheric and aquatic environments should be avoided.

OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS: This material is not listed as having ozone depletion potential.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS: Controls

should be engineered to prevent release to the environment, including procedures to prevent spills, atmospheric release and release to waterways.

**EFFECTIVE DATE: JANUARY 17, 2023** 

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

- <u>DISPOSAL METHODS</u>: It is the responsibility of the generator to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets the criteria of a hazardous waste per regulations of the area in which the waste is generated and/or disposed of. Waste disposal must be in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, and local regulations. This product, if unaltered by use, may be disposed of by treatment at a permitted facility or as advised by your local hazardous waste regulatory authority. Shipment of wastes must be done with appropriately permitted and registered transporters.
- <u>DISPOSAL CONTAINERS</u>: Waste materials must be placed in and shipped in appropriate 5-gallon or 55-gallon poly or metal waste pails or drums. Permeable cardboard containers are not appropriate and should not be used. Ensure that any required marking or labeling of the containers be done to all applicable regulations.
- PRECAUTIONS TO BE FOLLOWED DURING WASTE HANDLING: Wear proper protective equipment when handling waste materials.
- U.S. EPA WASTE NUMBER: Not applicable.

#### 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

- <u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION REGULATIONS</u>: This product is not classified as dangerous goods, per U.S. DOT regulations, under 49 CFR 172.101.
- TRANSPORT CANADA TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS REGULATIONS: This product is not classified as Dangerous Goods, per regulations of Transport Canada.
- INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION (IATA): This product is not classified as dangerous goods under rules of IATA.
- INTERNATIONAL MARITIME ORGANIZATION (IMO) DESIGNATION: This product is not classified as Dangerous Goods by the International Maritime Organization.
- OFFICIAL MEXICAN STANDARD; REGULATION FOR THE TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS AND RESIDUES: This product is not classified as Dangerous Goods, per transport regulations of Mexico.
- <u>SINGAPORE STANDARD 286: PART A</u>: This product has no requirements under the Specification for Caution Labeling for Hazardous Substances, Part 4: Marking of Packages, Containers and Vehicles, as it does not meet the criteria for any hazard class under this regulation.
- TRANSPORT IN BULK ACCORDING TO THE IBC CODE: See the information under the individual jurisdiction listings for IBC information.
- <u>ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS</u>: This material does not meet the criteria of environmentally hazardous according to the criteria of the UN Model Regulations (as reflected in the IMDG Code, ADR, RID, and ADN) and is not listed in Annex III under MARPOL 73/78.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### **UNITED STATES REGULATIONS:**

- <u>U.S. SARA Reporting Requirements</u>: This product is not subject to the reporting requirements of Sections 302, 304, and 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.
- <u>U.S. SARA Hazard Categories (Section 311/312, 40 CFR 370-21)</u>: ACUTE: Yes; CHRONIC: Yes; FIRE: No; REACTIVE: No; SUDDEN RELEASE: No

#### **UNITED STATES REGULATIONS (continued):**

<u>U.S. SARA Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)</u>: There are no specific Threshold Planning Quantities for components. The default Federal SDS submission and inventory requirement filing threshold of 10,000 lb (4,540 kg) may apply, per 40 CFR 370.20.

#### U.S. CERCLA Reportable Quantity (RQ): Not applicable.

U.S. TSCA Inventory Status: Components of this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory.

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65): The Crystalline Silica component (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size) and Titanium Dioxide are found on the Proposition 65 List of chemicals known to the state to cause cancer. However due to the form of the product, the Proposition 65 warning for these components is not applicable.

#### **CANADIAN REGULATIONS:**

Canadian DSL/NDSL Inventory Status: Components are on the DSL or NDSL Inventories.

Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA) Priorities Substances Lists: Components are not on the CEPA Priorities Substances Lists.

<u>Canadian WHMIS Classification and Symbols</u>: This product would be categorized as a Controlled Product, D2B (Other Toxic Effects-Potential Carcinogenic Effect, Irritation) as per the Controlled Product Regulations.

#### **CHINESE REGULATIONS:**

<u>Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Status</u>: Components listed by CAS# are listed on the Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (IECSC).

#### JAPANESE REGULATIONS:

<u>Japanese ENCS</u>: Components listed by CAS# are on the ENCS Inventory or are excepted.

**EFFECTIVE DATE: JANUAARY 14, 2020** 

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION (Continued)

<u>Japanese Ministry of Economy, Trade, and Industry (METI) Status</u>: Components are not listed as Class I Specified Chemical Substances, Class II Specified Chemical Substances, or Designated Chemical Substances by the Japanese METI.

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law: Components are not listed as a Specified Poisonous Substance under the Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law.

#### KOREAN REGULATIONS:

Korean Existing Chemicals List (ECL) Status: Components listed by CAS# are listed on the Korean ECL Inventory.

#### **MEXICAN REGULATIONS:**

Mexican Workplace Regulations (NOM-018-STPS-2000): This product is classified as hazardous.

#### SINGAPORE REGULATIONS:

<u>List of Controlled Hazardous Substances</u>: Components listed by CAS# are not listed on the Singapore List of Controlled Substances.

<u>Code of Practice on Pollution Control Requirements</u>: The components identified by CAS# in Section 2 (Composition and Information on Ingredients) NOT are subject to the requirements under the Singapore Code of Practice on Pollution Control.

#### TAIWANESE REGULATIONS:

<u>Taiwan Existing Chemical Substances Inventory Status</u>: Components listed by CAS# are listed on the Taiwan Existing Chemicals List.

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

REFERENCES AND DATA SOURCES: Contact the supplier for information.

METHODS OF EVALUATING INFORMATION FOR THE PURPOSE OF CLASSIFICATION: Criteria of the GHS were used for

classification.

PREPARED BY: Specified Technologies Inc, 210 Evans Way Somerville NJ 08876

DATE OF PRINTING: REVISED:

December 14, 2023

June 5, 2018 January 14, 2020

January 14, 2020 January 17, 2023

REVISION DETAILS:

Revised Proposition 65 statement. Revised hazard identification profile.

Periodic document review.



## Hercules Sta Put HCC Holdings, Inc. an Oatey Affiliate

Version No: 1.8.6.8 Safety Data Sheet according to OSHA HazCom Standard (2012) requirements Issue Date: 07/21/2021 Print Date: 07/21/2021 S.GHS.USA.EN

#### **SECTION 1 Identification**

#### **Product Identifier**

Product name

Hercules Sta Put

**Chemical Name** 

Not Applicable

Synonyms

Not Available

Other means of identification

25101, 25103, 25105, 25110, 25123

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses

Plumbing Mastic

#### Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

Registered company name

HCC Holdings, inc. an Oatey Affiliate

Address

4700 West 160th Street Cleveland, OH 44135 United States

Telephone

216-267-7100

Fax

Not Available

Website

Not Available

Email

info@oatey.com

#### Emergency phone number

Association / Organisation

**Emergency telephone** 

1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887)

Other emergency telephone numbers

Emergency First Aid: 1-877-740-5015

#### SECTION 2 Hazard(s) identification

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification | Not Applicable

#### Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)

Not Applicable

Signal word

Not Applicable

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#### Hercules Sta Put

#### Hazard statement(s)

Not Applicable

#### Hazard(s) not otherwise classified

Not Applicable

#### Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Not Applicable

#### Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable

#### Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

#### Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

#### **SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients**

#### Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

#### **Mixtures**

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
1317-65-3*	60-100	calcium carbonate
64741-88-4.	1-5	paraffinic distillate, heavy, solvent-refined (severe)
1332-58-7*	5-10	Kaolin
14808-60-7*	<2	silica crystalline - quartz
65997-17-3	1-5	glass, oxide
64742-88-7	0.1-1	solvent naphtha petroleum, medium aliphatic.
12001-26-2*	0.1-1	<u>Mica</u>
13463-67-7*	0.1-1	Titanium dioxide
14464-46-1	0.1-1	<u>cristobalite</u>

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

#### **SECTION 4 First-aid measures**

#### Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with eyes:  Wash out immediately with water.  If irritation continues, seek medical attention.  Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin or hair contact occurs:  Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).  Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Other measures are usually unnecessary.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul><li>Immediately give a glass of water.</li><li>First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.</li></ul>

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

#### Hercules Sta Put

#### **SECTION 5 Fire-fighting measures**

#### Extinguishing media

- Foam.
- Dry chemical powder.
- BCF (where regulations permit).
- Carbon dioxide.
- Water spray or fog Large fires only.

#### Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

#### Fire Incompatibility

 Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result

#### Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

- Alert Fire Department and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.
- Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.
- Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.
- DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot.
- Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.
- If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.
- \* Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.

#### Combustion products include:

#### Fire/Explosion Hazard

carbon monoxide (CO)

carbon dioxide (CO2)

other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.

#### **SECTION 6 Accidental release measures**

Fire Fighting

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

#### **Environmental precautions**

See section 12

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Clean up all spills immediately.
- Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
- Wear impervious gloves and safety glasses.
- Use dry clean up procedures and avoid generating dust.

#### Minor Spills

- Vacuum up (consider explosion-proof machines designed to be grounded during storage and use).
- Do NOT use air hoses for cleaning
- Place spilled material in clean, dry, sealable, labelled container.

#### Clear area of personnel and move upwind.

- Alert Fire Department and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment and dust respirator.
- Prevent spillage from entering drains, sewers or water courses.
- Major Spills

  Avoid generating dust.
  - Sweep, shovel up. Recover product wherever possible.
  - Put residues in labelled plastic bags or other containers for disposal.
  - If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

#### **SECTION 7 Handling and storage**

#### Precautions for safe handling

#### Safe handling

Limit all unnecessary personal contact.

#### Hercules Sta Put

- Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.
- Use in a well-ventilated area.
- Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
- When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.
- Keep containers securely sealed when not in use.
- Avoid physical damage to containers.
- Always wash hands with soap and water after handling.
- Work clothes should be laundered separately.
- Use good occupational work practice.
- \* Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.
- Atmosphere should be regularly checked against established exposure standards to ensure safe working conditions are maintained.
- Store in original containers.
- Keep containers securely sealed.
- Store in a cool, dry area protected from environmental extremes.
- Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.
- Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks.
- Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.

#### Other information

For major quantities:

- Consider storage in bunded areas ensure storage areas are isolated from sources of community water (including stormwater, ground water, lakes and streams).
- Finance that accidental discharge to air or water is the subject of a contingency disaster management plan; this may require consultation with local authorities.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Lined metal can, lined metal pail/ can.
- Plastic pail.
- Suitable container
- Polyliner drum.
- Packing as recommended by manufacturer.
- Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.

#### Storage incompatibility

\* Avoid reaction with oxidising agents

#### SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

#### **INGREDIENT DATA**

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	calcium carbonate	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Total Dust	15 mg/m3 / 50 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	calcium carbonate	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3 / 15 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	calcium carbonate	Marble- Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	calcium carbonate	Marble- Total dust	15 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	calcium carbonate	Calcium Carbonate- Total dust	15 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	calcium carbonate	Calcium Carbonate- Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	calcium carbonate	Limestone- Total dust	15 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	calcium carbonate	Limestone- Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

#### Issue Date: 07/21/2021 Print Date: 07/21/2021

Source	ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	calcium carbonate	Limestone - respirable	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	calcium carbonate	Calcium carbonate - respirable	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	calcium carbonate	Marble - respirable	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	calcium carbonate	Limestone - total	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	calcium carbonate	Marble - total	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	calcium carbonate	Calcium carbonate - total	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	paraffinic distillate, heavy, solvent-refined (severe)	Oil mist, mineral	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	paraffinic distillate, heavy, solvent-refined (severe)	Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids - Pure, highly and severely refined (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	A4
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	Kaolin	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Total Dust	15 mg/m3 / 50 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	Kaolin	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3 / 15 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	Kaolin	Kaolin- Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	Kaolin	Kaolin- Total dust	15 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	Kaolin	Kaolin - respirable	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	Kaolin	Kaolin - total	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	Kaolin	Kaolin (Respirable particulate matter)	2 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	A4
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	silica crystalline - quartz	Silica: Crystalline: Quartz (Respirable)	10 (%SiO2+2) mg/m3 / 250 (%SiO2+5) mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	silica crystalline - quartz	Silica, crystalline (as respirable dust)	0.05 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Ca; See Appendix A
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	silica crystalline - quartz	Silica, crystalline - α-quartz and cristobalite (Respirable particulate matter)	0.025 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	A2
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	glass, oxide	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Total Dust	15 mg/m3 / 50 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	glass, oxide	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3 / 15 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	glass, oxide	Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR)- Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	glass, oxide	Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR)- Total dust	15 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	glass, oxide	Particulates not otherwise regulated	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	See Appendix D

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#### Hercules Sta Put

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	solvent naphtha petroleum, medium aliphatic.	Oil mist, mineral	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	solvent naphtha petroleum, medium aliphatic.	Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids - Poorly and mildly refined	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	A2
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	solvent naphtha petroleum, medium aliphatic.	Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids - Pure, highly and severely refined (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	A4
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	Mica	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3 / 15 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	Mica	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Total Dust	15 mg/m3 / 50 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	Mica	Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR)- Total dust	15 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	Mica	Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR)- Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	Mica	Mica (containing less than 1% quartz)	3 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	Mica	Mica (Respirable particulate matter)	0.1 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	Titanium dioxide	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3 / 15 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	Titanium dioxide	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Total Dust	15 mg/m3 / 50 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	Titanium dioxide	Titanium dioxide - Total dust	15 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	Titanium dioxide	Titanium dioxide	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Ca; See Appendix A
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	Titanium dioxide	Titanium dioxide	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	(A4)
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	crístobalite	Silica: Crystalline: Cristobalite	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Use ½ the value calculated from the count or mass formulae for quartz.
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	cristobalite	Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR)- Total dust	15 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	cristobalite	Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR)- Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	cristobalite	Particulates not otherwise regulated	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	See Appendix D
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	cristobalite	Silica, crystalline - $\alpha$ -quartz and cristobalite (Respirable particulate matter)	0.025 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	A2

#### **Exposure controls**

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.

The basic types of engineering controls are:

Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.

Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard 'physically' away from the worker and ventilation

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that strategically 'adds' and 'removes' air in the work environment. Ventilation can remove or dilute an air contaminant if designed properly. The design of a ventilation system must match the particular process and chemical or contaminant in use. Employers may need to use multiple types of controls to prevent employee overexposure

- \* Local exhaust ventilation is required where solids are handled as powders or crystals; even when particulates are relatively large, a certain proportion will be powdered by mutual friction.
- Exhaust ventilation should be designed to prevent accumulation and recirculation of particulates in the workplace.
- If in spite of local exhaust an adverse concentration of the substance in air could occur, respiratory protection should be considered. Such protection might consist of:
- (a): particle dust respirators, if necessary, combined with an absorption cartridge;
- (b): filter respirators with absorption cartridge or canister of the right type;
- (c): fresh-air hoods or masks
  - Build-up of electrostatic charge on the dust particle, may be prevented by bonding and grounding.
- Powder handling equipment such as dust collectors, dryers and mills may require additional protection measures such as explosion venting.

Air contaminants generated in the workplace possess varying 'escape' velocities which, in turn, determine the 'capture velocities' of fresh circulating air required to efficiently remove the contaminant.

Type of Contaminant:

Air Speed:

direct spray, spray painting in shallow booths, drum filling, conveyer loading, crusher dusts, gas discharge (active generation into zone of rapid air motion)

1-2.5 m/s (200-500 f/min.)

grinding, abrasive blasting, tumbling, high speed wheel generated dusts (released at high initial velocity into zone of very high rapid air motion).

2.5-10 m/s (500-2000)

f/min.)

Within each range the appropriate value depends on:

Lower end of the range

Upper end of the range

- 1: Room air currents minimal or favourable to capture
- 1: Disturbing room air currents
- 2: Contaminants of low toxicity or of nuisance value only 2: Contaminants of high toxicity

- 3: Intermittent, low production.
- 3: High production, heavy use
- 4: Large hood or large air mass in motion
- 4: Small hood-local control only

Simple theory shows that air velocity falls rapidly with distance away from the opening of a simple extraction pipe. Velocity generally decreases with the square of distance from the extraction point (in simple cases). Therefore the air speed at the extraction point should be adjusted, accordingly, after reference to distance from the contaminating source. The air velocity at the extraction fan, for example, should be a minimum of 4-10 m/s (800-2000 f/min) for extraction of crusher dusts generated 2 metres distant from the extraction point. Other mechanical considerations, producing performance deficits within the extraction apparatus, make it essential that theoretical air velocities are multiplied by factors of 10 or more when extraction systems are installed or used.

Personal protection











- - Safety glasses with side shields Chemical googles
  - Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation - lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers

have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 59], [AS/NZS 1336 or national equivalent]

See Hand protection below

Hands/feet protection

Eye and face protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

**Body protection** 

Skin protection

See Other protection below

No special equipment needed when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE:

Other protection

- · Overalls.
- · Barrier cream.
- Eyewash unit.

#### Respiratory protection

Respirators may be necessary when engineering and administrative controls do not adequately prevent exposures.

The decision to use respiratory protection should be based on professional judgment that takes into account toxicity information, exposure measurement data, and frequency and likelihood of the worker's exposure - ensure users are not subject to high thermal loads which may result in heat stress or distress due to

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personal protective equipment (powered, positive flow, full face apparatus may be an option).

- Published occupational exposure limits, where they exist, will assist in determining the adequacy of the selected respiratory protection. These may be government mandated or vendor recommended.
- · Certified respirators will be useful for protecting workers from inhalation of particulates when properly selected and fit tested as part of a complete respiratory protection program.
- Where protection from nuisance levels of dusts are desired, use type N95 (US) or type P1 (EN143) dust masks. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU)
- Use approved positive flow mask if significant quantities of dust becomes airborne.
- Try to avoid creating dust conditions.

#### **SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties**

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Solid off white putty		
Physical state	Solid	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.8
Odour	Slight	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	>277777.778
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	>100	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Applicable
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	6

#### **SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity**

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

#### **SECTION 11 Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

Inhale

The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract. Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.

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The material has NOTbeen classified as 'harmful by ingestion'. This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human ingestion The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact. Nevertheless, good hygiene Skin Contact practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting. Although the material is not thought to be an irritant, direct contact with the eye may cause transient discomfort characterized by Eye tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn). Slight abrasive damage may also result. In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that 'carcinogenicity was not Chronic detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silics or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) **Acute Toxicity** Carcinogenicity Skin Irritation/Corrosion Reproductivity Serious Eye STOT - Single Exposure Damage/Irritation Respiratory or Skin STOT - Repeated Exposure sensitisation

**Aspiration Hazard** 

#### **SECTION 12 Ecological information**

Mutagenicity

#### Toxicity

Hercules Sta Put	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source	o o	
Helcules Sta Put	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Av	allable	
calcium carbonate	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source	o	
carcium caroonate	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Av	allable	
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species		Value	Source	
and the land of the	ErC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	3	>1000mg/l	1	
saraffinic distillate, heavy, solvent-refined (severe)	NOEC(ECx)	504h	Crustacea		>1mg/l	1	
,	EC50	48h	Crustacea		>1000mg/l	1	
	EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants		>1000mg/l	1	
Kaolin	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source	e	
	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Av	ailable	
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source	0	
silica crystalline - quartz	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available Not Available		Not Av	Not Available	
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species		Value	Source	
44.20 (0.42	NOEC(ECx)	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants		>=1000mg/l	2	
glass, oxide	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants		>1000mg/l	2	
	LC50	96h	Fish		>1000mg/l	2	
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species		Value	Source	
solvent naphtha petroleum, medium	EC50(ECx)	48h	Crustacea		>100mg/l	1	
allphatic.	EC50	48h	Crustacea		>100mg/l	1	

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	EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plant	s	450mg/l	1
Mica	<b>Endpoint</b> Not Available	Test Duration (hr) Not Available	Species Not Available	Value Not Available	<b>Source</b> Not Ava	
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	V	alue	Source
	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	3.	75-7.58mg/l	4
	BCF	100 <b>8</b> h	Fish	<	1.1-9.6	7
Titanium dioxide	EC50	48h	Crustacea	1.	9mg/l	2
	LC50	96h	Fish	1.	85-3.06mg/l	4
	NOEC(ECx)	504h	Crustacea	0.	02mg/l	4
	EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants	17	79.05mg/l	2
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source	
cristobalite	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Ava	
Legend:	3. EPIWIN Suite V3	1.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity	e ECHA Registered Substances v Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, E IITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration I	cotox database	- Aquatic Toxicity	Data 5.

Drinking Water Standards: hydrocarbon total: 10 ug/l (UK max.).

## Persistence and degradability

Ingredient Persistence: Water/Soil Persistence: Air

Titanium dioxide HIGH HIGH

## Bioaccumulative potential

IngredientBioaccumulationTitanium dioxideLOW (BCF = 10)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient Mobility

Titanium dioxide LOW (KOC = 23.74)

## **SECTION 13 Disposal considerations**

## Waste treatment methods

\* Recycle wherever possible.

Product / Packaging disposal

- Consult manufacturer for recycling options or consult local or regional waste management authority for disposal if no suitable treatment or disposal facility can be identified.
- Dispose of by: burial in a land-fill specifically licensed to accept chemical and / or pharmaceutical wastes or Incineration in a licensed apparatus (after admixture with suitable combustible material)
- Decontaminate empty containers. Observe all label safeguards until containers are cleaned and destroyed.

## **SECTION 14 Transport information**

## Labels Required

Marine Pollutant NO

Land transport (DOT): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

#### Hercules Sta Put

## Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

## Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

## Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group
calcium carbonate	Not Available
paraffinic distillate, heavy, solvent-refined (severe)	Not Available
Kaolin	Not Available
silica crystalline - quartz	Not Available
glass, oxide	Not Available
solvent naphtha petroleum, medium aliphatic.	Not Available
Mica	Not Available
Titanium dioxide	Not Available
cristobalite	Not Available

## Transport in bulk in accordance with the ICG Code

Product name	Ship Type
calcium carbonate	Not Available
paraffinic distillate, heavy, solvent-refined (severe)	Not Available
Kaolin	Not Available
silica crystalline - quartz	Not Available
glass, oxide	Not Available
solvent naphtha petroleum, medium aliphatic.	Not Available
Mica	Not Available
Titanium dioxide	Not Available
cristobalite	Not Available

## **SECTION 15 Regulatory information**

## Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### calcium carbonate is found on the following regulatory lists

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

## paraffinic distillate, heavy, solvent-refined (severe) is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by

the IARC Monographs

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens

US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

## Kaolin is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL)

Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3
US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Sub

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory
US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

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Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by

the IARC Monographs

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by

the IARC Monographs - Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens

US - California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 -

Proposition 65 List

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens

US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)

US National Toxicology Program (NTP) 14th Report Part A Known to be Human Carcinogens

US NIOSH Carcinogen List

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US OSHA Carcinogens Listing

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

## glass, oxide is found on the following regulatory lists

US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

#### solvent naphtha petroleum, medium aliphatic, is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by

the IARC Monographs

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by

the IARC Monographs - Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens

US - California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 -

Proposition 65 List

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens

US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)

US National Toxicology Program (NTP) 14th Report Part A Known to be

Human Carcinogens

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

#### Mica is found on the following regulatory lists

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1 US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3

#### Titanium dioxide is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens

US - California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 -

Proposition 65 List

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Notice of Intended Changes

US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)

US List of Active Substances Exempt from the TSCA Inventory Notifications (Active-Inactive) Rule

US NIOSH Carcinogen List

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

#### cristobalite is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens

US - California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 -

Proposition 65 List

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens

US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)

US NIOSH Carcinogen List

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US OSHA Carcinogens Listing

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

## Federal Regulations

## Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

#### Section 311/312 hazard categories

Flammable (Gases, Aerosols, Liquids, or Solids)

#### Hercules Sta Put

Gas under pressure	No
Explosive	No
Self-heating Self-heating	No
Pyrophoric (Liquid or Solid)	No
Pyrophoric Gas	No
Corrosive to metal	No
Oxidizer (Liquid, Solid or Gas)	No
Organic Peroxide	No
Self-reactive	No
In contact with water emits flammable gas	No
Combustible Dust	No
Carcinogenicity	No
Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)	No
Reproductive toxicity	No
Skin Corrosion or frritation	No
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	No
Serious eye damage or eye irritation	No
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)	No
Aspiration Hazard	No
Germ cell mutagenicity	No
Simple Asphyxiant	No
Hazards Not Otherwise Classified	No

## US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (40 CFR 302.4)

None Reported

## **State Regulations**

#### US. California Proposition 65



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including silica, crystalline, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more informationgo to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

## **National Inventory Status**

National Inventory	Status
USA - TSCA	Yes

## **SECTION 16 Other information**

Revision Date	07/21/2021
Initial Date	07/16/2021

## Other information

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

## Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

ES: Exposure Standard OSF: Odour Safety Factor

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NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value LOD: Limit Of Detection OTV: Odour Threshold Value BCF: BioConcentration Factors BEI: Biological Exposure Index

AllC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

DSL: Domestic Substances List NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China

EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

NLP: No-Longer Polymers

ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory

KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas

NCI: National Chemical Inventory

FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances





## Hercules StaPut Ultra HCC Holdings, Inc. an Oatey Affiliate

Version No. 1.4.5.8
Safety Data Sheet according to OSHA HazCom Standard (2012) requirements

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## **SECTION 1 Identification**

## **Product Identifier**

Product name

Hercules StaPut Ultra

**Chemical Name** 

Not Applicable

Synonyms

Not Available

Other means of

other means of identification

25171, 25173

## Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses

Non-Staining Plumbing Mastic

## Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

Registered company name

HCC Holdings, Inc. an Oatey Affiliate

Address

4700 West 160th Street Cleveland, OH 44135 United States

Telephone

216-267-7100

Fax

Not Available

Website

Not Available

Email

info@oatey.com

## Emergency phone number

Association / Organisation

Chemtrec

**Emergency telephone** 

numbers 1-

1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887)

Other emergency telephone numbers

Emergency First Aid: 1-877-740-5015

## SECTION 2 Hazard(s) identification

## Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification

Not Applicable

## Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)

Not Applicable

Signal word

Not Applicable

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Hazard statement(s)

Not Applicable

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

#### **SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients**

#### **Substances**

See section below for composition of Mixtures

#### **Mixtures**

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
1317-65-3*	60-100	calcium carbonate
14808-60-7*	<2	silica crystalline - quartz
9002-88-4	5-10	polyethylene
57-55-6*	1-5	propylene glycol
68953-58-2	1-5	tallow alkyldimethylammonium chloride/ bentonite
Not Available	15-20	Polyester plasticizer

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

#### **SECTION 4 First-aid measures**

## Description of first aid measures

**Eye Contact** 

Inhalation

If this product comes in contact with the eyes:

- Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water.
- Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.
- Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.
- Transport to hospital or doctor without delay.
- Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.

If skin or hair contact occurs:

- Skin Contact Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).
  - Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
  - ${}^{ullet}$  If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.
  - Other measures are usually unnecessary.

Ingestion Immediately give a glass of water.

• First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

## Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

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#### **SECTION 5 Fire-fighting measures**

## **Extinguishing media**

- \* Foam.
- Dry chemical powder.
- BCF (where regulations permit).
- Carbon dioxide.
- · Water spray or fog Large fires only.

#### Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility

Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may
result

#### Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

- Alert Fire Department and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.
- Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.
- Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.
- Fire Fighting
- DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot.
- Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.
- \* If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.
- Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.

Combustion products include:

carbon monoxide (CO)

carbon dioxide (CO2)

formaldehyde

other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.

May emit corrosive fumes.

## **SECTION 6 Accidental release measures**

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

#### **Environmental precautions**

Fire/Explosion Hazard

See section 12

## Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Clean up all spills immediately.
- Avoid breathing dust and contact with skin and eyes.
- Wear protective clothing, gloves, safety glasses and dust respirator.
- ▶ Use dry clean up procedures and avoid generating dust.
- Minor Spills
- Sweep up, shovel up or
- Vacuum up (consider explosion-proof machines designed to be grounded during storage and use).
- Place spilled material in clean, dry, sealable, labelled container.
- Alert Emergency Services and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- Control personal contact by wearing protective clothing.
- Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.
- Major Spills Recover product wherever possible.
  - IF DRY: Use dry clean up procedures and avoid generating dust. Collect residues and place in sealed plastic bags or other containers for disposal. IF WET: Vacuum/shovel up and place in labelled containers for disposal.
  - \* ALWAYS: Wash area down with large amounts of water and prevent runoff into drains.
  - If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise Emergency Services.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

## **SECTION 7 Handling and storage**

#### Precautions for safe handling

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- Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.
- Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.
- Use in a well-ventilated area.
- Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.
- DO NOT enter confined spaces until atmosphere has been checked.
- DO NOT allow material to contact humans, exposed food or food utensils.
- Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
- When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.
- \* Keep containers securely sealed when not in use.
- Avoid physical damage to containers.
- Always wash hands with soap and water after handling.
- Work clothes should be laundered separately. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.
- Use good occupational work practice.
- Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.
- Atmosphere should be regularly checked against established exposure standards to ensure safe working conditions are maintained.
- Store in original containers.
- Keep containers securely sealed.
- Store in a cool, dry area protected from environmental extremes.
- Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.
- Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks.
- Other information

Safe handling

Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.

For major quantities:

- Consider storage in bunded areas ensure storage areas are isolated from sources of community water (including stormwater, ground water, lakes and streams).
- Ensure that accidental discharge to air or water is the subject of a contingency disaster management plan; this may require consultation with local authorities.

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Lined metal can, fined metal pail/ can.
- Plastic pail.
- Suitable container
- Polyliner drum.
- Packing as recommended by manufacturer.
- Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.

Polypropylene is liable to chain degradation from exposure to UV radiation such as that present in sunlight. Oxidation usually occurs at the secondary carbon atom present in every repeat unit. A free radical is formed here, and then reacts further with oxygen, followed by chain scission to yield aldehydes and carboxylic acids. In external applications, it shows up as a network of fine cracks and crazes which become deeper and more severe with time of exposure.

#### Storage incompatibility

For external applications, UV-absorbing additives must be used. Carbon black also provides some protection from UV attack. The polymer can also be oxidized at high temperatures, a common problem during molding operations. Anti-oxidants are normally added to prevent polymer degradation.

Avoid reaction with oxidising agents

#### SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

## Control parameters

#### Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

#### INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	calcium carbonate	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3 / 15 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	calcium carbonate	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Total Dust	15 mg/m3 / 50 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	calcium carbonate	Marble- Total dust	15 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	calcium carbonate	Limestone- Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

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Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	calcium carbonate	Calcium Carbonate- Total dust	15 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	calcium carbonate	Calcium Carbonate- Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	calcium carbonate	Limestone- Total dust	15 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	calcium carbonate	Marble- Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	calcium carbonate	Limestone - respírable	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	calcium carbonate	Marble - total	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	calcium carbonate	Limestone - total	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	calcium carbonate	Calcium carbonate - respirable	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	calcium carbonate	Marble - respirable	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	calcium carbonate	Calcium carbonate - total	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	silica crystalline - quartz	Silica: Crystalline: Quartz (Respirable)	10 (%SiO2+2) mg/m3 / 250 (%SiO2+5) mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	silica crystalline - quartz	Silica, crystalline (as respirable dust)	0.05 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Ca; See Appendix A
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	silica crystalline - quartz	Silica, crystalline - α-quartz and cristobalite (Respirable particulate matter)	0.025 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	A2
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	polyethylene	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Total Dust	15 mg/m3 / 50 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	polyethylene	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3 / 15 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	polyethylene	Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR)- Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	polyethylene	Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR)- Total dust	15 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	polyethylene	Particulates not otherwise regulated	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	See Appendix D

#### **Exposure controls**

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.

The basic types of engineering controls are:

Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.

Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard 'physically' away from the worker and ventilation that strategically 'adds' and 'removes' air in the work environment. Ventilation can remove or dilute an air contaminant if designed properly. The design of a ventilation system must match the particular process and chemical or contaminant in use. Employers may need to use multiple types of controls to prevent employee overexposure.

# Appropriate engineering controls

- Local exhaust ventilation is required where solids are handled as powders or crystals; even when particulates are relatively large, a certain proportion will be powdered by mutual friction.
- Exhaust ventilation should be designed to prevent accumulation and recirculation of particulates in the workplace.
- If in spite of local exhaust an adverse concentration of the substance in air could occur, respiratory protection should be

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considered. Such protection might consist of:

- (a): particle dust respirators, if necessary, combined with an absorption cartridge;
- (b): filter respirators with absorption cartridge or canister of the right type;
- (c): fresh-air hoods or masks
  - Build-up of electrostatic charge on the dust particle, may be prevented by bonding and grounding.
  - Powder handling equipment such as dust collectors, dryers and mills may require additional protection measures such as explosion venting.

Air contaminants generated in the workplace possess varying 'escape' velocities which, in turn, determine the 'capture velocities' of fresh circulating air required to efficiently remove the contaminant.

Type of Contaminant: Air Speed:

direct spray, spray painting in shallow booths, drum filling, conveyer loading, crusher dusts, gas 1-2.5 m/s (200-500 discharge (active generation into zone of rapid air motion) f/min.)

grinding, abrasive blasting, tumbling, high speed wheel generated dusts (released at high initial 2.5-10 m/s (500-2000) f/min.)

velocity into zone of very high rapid air motion).

Within each range the appropriate value depends on:

Lower end of the range Upper end of the range

- 1: Room air currents minimal or favourable to capture 1: Disturbing room air currents
- 2: Contaminants of low toxicity or of nuisance value only 2: Contaminants of high toxicity
- 3. Intermittent, low production. 3. High production, heavy use
- 4: Large hood or large air mass in motion 4: Small hood-local control only

Simple theory shows that air velocity falls rapidly with distance away from the opening of a simple extraction pipe. Velocity generally decreases with the square of distance from the extraction point (in simple cases). Therefore the air speed at the extraction point should be adjusted, accordingly, after reference to distance from the contaminating source. The air velocity at the extraction fan, for example, should be a minimum of 4-10 m/s (800-2000 f/min) for extraction of crusher dusts generated 2 metres distant from the extraction point. Other mechanical considerations, producing performance deficits within the extraction apparatus, make it essential that theoretical air velocities are multiplied by factors of 10 or more when extraction systems are installed or used.

#### Personal protection









- Safety glasses with side shields.
- Chemical goggles
- Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation - lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 59], [AS/NZS 1336 or national equivalent]

# Eye and face protection

See Hand protection below

Skin protection Hands/feet protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

**Body protection** 

See Other protection below

- Overalls.
- PVC apron.

Other protection

- · Barrier cream.
- Skin cleansing cream.
- Eye wash unit.

## Respiratory protection

Particulate. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

- Respirators may be necessary when engineering and administrative controls do not adequately prevent exposures
- The decision to use respiratory protection should be based on professional judgment that takes into account toxicity information, exposure measurement data, and frequency and likelihood of the worker's exposure - ensure users are not subject to high thermal loads which may result in heat stress or distress due to personal protective equipment (powered, positive flow, full face apparatus may be an option).
- Published occupational exposure limits, where they exist, will assist in determining the adequacy of the selected respiratory protection. These may be government mandated or vendor recommended.
- Certified respirators will be useful for protecting workers from inhalation of particulates when properly selected and fit tested as part of a complete respiratory protection program.
- Where protection from nuisance levels of dusts are desired, use type N95 (US) or type P1 (EN143) dust masks. Use respirators and components tested

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and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU)

- Use approved positive flow mask if significant quantities of dust becomes airborne.
- Try to avoid creating dust conditions.

## **SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties**

## Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Solid off-white putty		
Physical state	Solid	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.8
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	>277777.778
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	>100	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Applicable
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	87

## **SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity**

Reactivity Se	ee section 7
Chemical stability Pr	roduct is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	ee section 7
Conditions to avoid Se	ee section 7
Incompatible materials Se	ee section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	ee section 5

## **SECTION 11 Toxicological information**

## Information on toxicological effects

inhaled

Aut. medical	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract. Nevertheless, good hygiene
designation and street	practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.

Ingestion The material has NOTbeen classified as 'harmful by ingestion'. This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence.

Skin Contact The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact. Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting.

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Eye Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Chronic

In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that 'carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs. (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.)

×	Carcinogenicity	×	Acute Toxicity
×	Reproductivity	×	Skin Irritation/Corrosion
×	STOT - Single Exposure	×	Serious Eye Damage/Irritation
×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×	Respiratory or Skin sensitisation
×	Aspiration Hazard	×	Mutagenicity

🔀 – Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification Legend: → Data available to make classification

## **SECTION 12 Ecological Information**

## Toxicity

Hercules StaPut Ultra	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source	e
Hercules StaPut Ultra	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not A	vailable
120,000,120,000,41	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source	te
calcium carbonate	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not A	vailable
and the same of the same	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source	e
silica crystalline - quartz	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not A	vallable
Laborator.	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source	e
polyethylene	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not A	vailable
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Valu	ie	Source
	NOEC(ECx)	336h	Algae or other aquatic plants	<53	00mg/l	1
	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	193	00mg/l	2
propylene glycol	LC50	96h	Fish	>10	000mg/l	2
	EC50	48h	Crustacea	>11	4.4mg/L	4
	EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants	190	00mg/l	2
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	,	/alue	Source
tallow	EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plan	ts (	0.1mg/l	1
alkyldimethylammonium	NOEC(ECx)	96h	Algae or other aquatic plan	ts (	0.02mg/l	1
chloride/ bentonite	LC50	96h	Fish		lmg/l	4
177-177	EC50	48h	Crustacea		32mg/l	1

Extracted from 1, IUCLID Toxicity Data 2, Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8.

Persistence and degradability

Legend:

Vendor Data

Persistence: Water/Soil Ingredient Persistence: Air Version No: 1.4.5.8

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Ingredient Persistence: Water/Soil Persistence: Air

LOW polyethylene LOW LOW LOW propylene glycol

#### Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient Bioaccumulation

LOW (LogKOW = 1.2658) polyethylene

LOW (BCF = 1) propylene glycol

alkyldimethylammonium LOW (BCF = 13)

chloride/ bentonite

## Mobility in soil

Ingredient Mobility

LOW (KOC = 14.3)polyethylene HIGH (KOC = 1) propylene glycol

## **SECTION 13 Disposal considerations**

#### Waste treatment methods

Recycle wherever possible.

Product / Packaging disposal

- Consult manufacturer for recycling options or consult local or regional waste management authority for disposal if no suitable treatment or disposal facility can be identified.
- Dispose of by: burial in a land-fill specifically licensed to accept chemical and / or pharmaceutical wastes or Incineration in a licensed apparatus (after admixture with suitable combustible material)
- Decontaminate empty containers. Observe all label safeguards until containers are cleaned and destroyed.

#### **SECTION 14 Transport information**

## **Labels Required**

Marine Pollutant NO

Land transport (DOT): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

chloride/ bentonite

## Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

**Product name** Group calcium carbonate Not Available silica crystalline - quartz Not Available Not Available polyethylene Not Available propylene glycol alkyldimethylammonium Not Available

## Transport in bulk in accordance with the ICG Code

Product name Ship Type Not Available calcium carbonate silica crystalline - quartz Not Available Not Available polyethylene

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Product name

Ship Type

propylene glycol

chloride/ bentonite

Not Available

tallow

alkyldimethylammonium

Not Available

#### **SECTION 15 Regulatory information**

## Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### calcium carbonate is found on the following regulatory lists

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs) US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1 US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3 US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

#### silica crystalline - quartz is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by

the IARC Monographs - Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens

US - California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 -Proposition 65 List

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs) US National Toxicology Program (NTP) 14th Report Part A Known to be

**Human Carcinogens** 

US NIOSH Carcinogen List

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US OSHA Carcinogens Listing

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

#### polyethylene is found on the following regulatory lists

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by

the IARC Monographs

US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs) US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

## propylene glycol is found on the following regulatory lists

US AIHA Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEELs) US ATSDR Minimal Risk Levels for Hazardous Substances (MRLs) US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)

US EPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS)

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory US Toxicology Excellence for Risk Assessment (TERA) Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

#### tallow alkyldimethylammonium chloride/ bentonite is found on the following regulatory lists

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

Continued...

## Federal Regulations

## Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

#### Section 311/312 hazard categories

Flammable (Gases, Aerosols, Liquids, or Solids)	No
Gas under pressure	No
Explosive	No
Self-heating	No
Pyrophoric (Liquid or Solid)	No
Pyrophoric Gas	No
Corrosive to metal	No
Oxidizer (Liquid, Solid or Gas)	No
Organic Peroxide	No
Self-reactive	No
In contact with water emits flammable gas	No
Combustible Dust	No

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Carcinogenicity	No
Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)	No
Reproductive toxicity	No
Skin Corrosion or Irritation	No
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	No
Serious eye damage or eye irritation	No
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)	No
Aspiration Hazard	No
Germ cell mutagenicity	No
Simple Asphyxiant	No
Hazards Not Otherwise Classified	No

## US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (40 CFR 302.4)

None Reported

#### State Regulations

#### US. California Proposition 65



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including silica, crystalline, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For moreinformation go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

#### **National Inventory Status**

National Inventory	Status
USA - TSCA	Yes
	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory
Legend:	No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients
	in brackets)

## **SECTION 16 Other information**

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#### Other information

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

#### **Definitions and abbreviations**

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

ES: Exposure Standard

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

LOD: Limit Of Detection

OTV: Odour Threshold Value

BCF: BioConcentration Factors

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

AlIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

DSL: Domestic Substances List

NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

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## Hercules StaPut Ultra

NLP: No-Longer Polymers

ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory

KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory NZfoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas

NCI: National Chemical Inventory

FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances



# TYCO CPVC TFP-600 One Step Solvent Cement SDS (Safety Data Sheet)

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier TFP-600 Blazemaster CPVC Cement

Other means of identification Non-

Recommended use Joining CPVC Pipes
Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company Name Oatey Co.

Address 4700 West 160th St.

Cleveland, OH 44135

Telephone 216-267-7100 E-mail info@oatey.com

Transport emergency Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887)

Emergency first aid 1-877-740-5015
Contact person MSDS Coordinator

Supplier

Telephone

E-mail

Company name Tyco Fire Protection Products
Address 1400 Pennbrook Parkway
Lansdale, PA 19446

215-362-0700 PSRA@tycofp.com

Transport emergency Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887)

Emergency first aid 1-877-740-5015
Contact person Product Stewardship

**IMPORTANT** 

Refer to Technical Data Sheet TFP2300 for warnings pertaining to regulatory and health information.

Section 1 excerpted from: Oatey 935557 SDS US

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## 2. Hazard(s) identification

Category 2 Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 4 Health hazards Acute toxicity, oral

Not classified.

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Aspiration hazard Category 1

**OSHA** defined hazards

Label elements

Signal word

Danger Hazard statement

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statement

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly Prevention

closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof

electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If Response

on skin (or hair). Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to

extinguish.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up. Storage

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Disposal

Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

May form explosive peroxides. Contains a chemical classified by the US EPA as a suspected

possible carcinogen.

Supplemental information Not applicable.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

## **Mixtures**

Chemical name	CAS number	%	
Furan, Tetrahydro-	109-99-9	30-60	
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	10-30	
Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer, chlorinated	68648-82-8	10-20	
Acetone	67-64-1	5-15	
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	5-15	
Silica, amorphous, fumed	112945-52-5	1-5	

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

#### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact

Ingestion

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting, If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause

pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Irritation of nose and throat.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

media Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

and precautions for firefighters

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Highly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

## 7. Handling and storage

## Precautions for safe handling

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Occupational exposure limits

#### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	PEL	200 mg/m3	
,		50 ppm	
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	PEL	590 mg/m3	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	PEL	590 mg/m3	
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 191	0.1000)	200 ppm	
Components	Туре	Value	
	TWA		
Silica, amorphous, fumed (CAS 112945-52-5)	IVVA	0.8 mg/m3	
(3/13/1/2340/02/07		20 mppcf	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value	es		
Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm	
	TWA	20 ppm	
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Che	mical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3	
•		250 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	TWA	100 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	735 mg/m3	
		250 ppm	
	TWA	590 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	885 mg/m3	
		300 ppm	
	TWA	590 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Silica, amorphous, fumed (CAS 112945-52-5)	TWA	6 mg/m3	

Sections 7 and 8 excerpted from: Oatey 935557 SDS US

#### **Biological limit values**

#### **ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	25 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*	······
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	80 mg/l	1,2-Cyclohexan ediol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*	
	8 mg/l	Cyclohexanol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*	
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	2 mg/l	Tetrahydrofura n	Urine	•	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	•	

<sup>\* -</sup> For sampling details, please see the source document.

#### Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Face shield is recommended. Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Skin protection

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely

wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

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#### 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state Liquid.

Form Translucent liquid.

Color Red.
Odor Solvent.
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.
Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling 151 °F (66.11 °C)

range

Flash point 14.0 - 23.0 °F (-10.0 - -5.0 °C)

Evaporation rate 5.5 - 8
Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower 1.8

(%)

Flammability limit - upper 11.8

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 145 mm Hg @ 20 C

Vapor density 2.5

Relative density 0.94 +/- 0.02

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Negligible
Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Decomposition temperature Not available.

Viscosity 1500 - 3500 cP

Other information

Bulk density8.1 lb/galExplosive propertiesNot explosive.Oxidizing propertiesNot oxidizing.

VOC 470 g/l SQACMD Method 304

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Ammonia. Amines. Isocyanates. Caustics.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

#### 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause irritation Inhalation

to the respiratory system. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue,

dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eve irritation. Eye contact

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if swallowed. Droplets of the product Ingestion

aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue,

dizziness and nausea. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects. May cause respiratory irritation. **Acute toxicity** 

**Test Results** Components Species

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 20 ml/kg

Inhalation

LC50 50 mg/l, 8 Hours

Oral

5800 mg/kg Rat LD50

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Acute

Dermal

Rabbit 948 mg/kg LD50

Inhalation

8000 ppm, 4 hours Rat LC50

Oral

800 mg/kg LD50 Rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

Serious eye damage/eye Causes serious eye irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not a respiratory sensitizer. Respiratory sensitization

This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization. Skin sensitization

Causes skin irritation.

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are Germ cell mutagenicity

mutagenic or genotoxic.

In 2012 USEPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) reviewed a two species inhalation Carcinogenicity

lifetime study on THF conducted by NTP (1998). Male rats developed renal tumors and female mice developed liver tumors while neither the female rats nor the male mice showed similar results. Because the carcinogenic mechanisms could not be identified clearly in either species for either tumor, the EPA determined that the male rat and female mouse findings are relevant to the assessment of carcinogenic potential in humans. Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that these data in aggregate indicate that there is "suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential" following exposure to THF by all routes of exposure.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Silica, amorphous, fumed (CAS 112945-52-5)

NTP Report on Carcinogens

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects. Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Narcotic effects. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Respiratory tract irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Aspiration hazard

Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. **Chronic effects** 

Section 11 excerpted from: Oatey 935557 SDS US

#### 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** 

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components Species Test Results

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Aquatic

Fish LC50

Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) > 100 mg/l, 96 hours

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Aquatic

Fish

LC50

Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 481 - 578 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

 Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
 -0.24

 Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)
 0.81

 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)
 0.46

 Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)
 0.29

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation

potential.

## 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material

and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied.

## 14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1993

UN proper shipping name Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Methyl ethyl ketone RQ = 43706 LBS, Acetone RQ = 58005 LBS)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3
Packing group ||

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28

Packaging exceptions150Packaging non bulk202Packaging bulk242

IATA

UN number UN1993

UN proper shipping name Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Methyl ethyl ketone, Acetone)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group II
Environmental hazards No.
ERG Code 3H

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

**EmS** 

UN1993 **UN** number

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Methyl ethyl ketone, Acetone) UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es) Class Subsidiary risk Packing group 11

**Environmental hazards** Marine pollutant No. F-E, S-E

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication **US federal regulations** 

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not established.

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) LISTED Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) LISTED Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) LISTED Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) LISTED

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Immediate Hazard - Yes **Hazard categories** 

Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and

**Chemical Code Number** 

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532 Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 6714

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

35 %WV Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 35 %WV

**DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number** 

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532 Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 6714

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#### US state regulations

#### US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

Silica, amorphous, fumed (CAS 112945-52-5)

#### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

## US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

Silica, amorphous, furned (CAS 112945-52-5)

#### US. Rhode Island RTK

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

## US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

#### International Inventories

 Country(s) or region
 Inventory name
 On Inventory (yes/no)\*

 Canada
 Domestic Substances List (DSL)
 Yes

 United States & Puerto Rico
 Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory
 Yes

"A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 26-October-2016

HMIS® ratings Health: 2 Flammability: 3

Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings



Disclaimer The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently

available. Oatey cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to

assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.

TFP-600 Blazemaster CPVC Cement

935557 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 26-October-2016

SDS US

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Sections 15 and 16 excerpted from: Oatey 935557 SDS US





# Oatey No. 95 Tinning Flux Oatey Co.

Version No: 1.1.10.10

Safety Data Sheet according to OSHA HazCom Standard (2012) requirements

Print Date: 08/30/2021 Print Date: 08/30/2021 S.GHS.USA.EN

#### **SECTION 1 Identification**

**Product Identifier** 

Product name

Oatey No. 95 Tinning Flux

Synonyms

Not Available

Proper shipping name

Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (contains zinc chloride)

Other means of

identification

30372, 30373, 30374, 30375, 48394

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses

Joining Copper Pipes. Joining Copper Tubing

Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

Registered company name

Oatey Co.

Address

20600 Emerald Parkway, Cleveland, OH 44135 United States

Telephone

216-267-7100

Fax

Not Available

Website

oatey.com

Email

info@oatey.com

## **Emergency phone number**

Association / Organisation

Chemtrec

Emergency telephone

numbers

1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887)

Other emergency telephone numbers

1-877-740-5015 (Emergency First Aid)

#### SECTION 2 Hazard(s) identification

## Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification | Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 1, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2

#### Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)



Signal word

Danger

Version No: 1.1.10.10

Page 2 of 12

Oatey No. 95 Tinning Flux

Issue Date: 08/30/2021 Print Date: 08/30/2021

#### Hazard statement(s)

Causes serious eye damage.

Causes skin irritation.

#### Hazard(s) not otherwise classified

Not Applicable

#### Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Wear protective gloves, eye protection and face protection.

Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling.

#### Precautionary statement(s) Response

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

## Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

## Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

#### **SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients**

#### **Substances**

See section below for composition of Mixtures

#### **Mixtures**

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
7646-85-7*	10 - 30	zinc chloride
12125-02-9	1 - 5	ammonium chloride
7440-50-8	0 - 1	copper
7440-69-9	0 - 1	<u>bismuth</u>

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

#### **SECTION 4 First-aid measures**

#### Description of first aid measures

If this product comes in contact with the eyes:

Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water.

**Eye Contact** 

- Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.
- Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.
- Transport to hospital or doctor without delay.
- \* Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.

#### If skin contact occurs:

#### Skin Contact

- Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.
- Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).
- Seek medical attention in event of irritation.

#### inhalation

- If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.
- Other measures are usually unnecessary.

#### Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

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#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

## Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

#### **SECTION 5 Fire-fighting measures**

#### Extinguishing media

- Foam.
- Dry chemical powder.
- BCF (where regulations permit).
- Carbon dioxide.
- Water spray or fog Large fires only.

#### Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility

None known.

## Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

- Alert Fire Department and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus.
- Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.
   Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.
- Fire Fighting
- Avoid spraying water onto liquid pools.
- DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot.
   Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.
- If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.
- Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame.
- Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers.
- On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO).
- Fire/Explosion Hazard May emit acrid smoke.
  - Mists containing combustible materials may be explosive.

Combustion products include:

carbon dioxide (CO2)

metal oxides

## **SECTION 6 Accidental release measures**

Minor Spills

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

#### **Environmental precautions**

See section 12

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Environmental hazard - contain spillage.

- · Clean up all spills immediately.
- Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.
- Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.
- Contain and absorb spill with sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite
- Wipe up.
- Place in a suitable, labelled container for waste disposal.

Environmental hazard - contain spillage.

#### Moderate hazard.

- Clear area of personnel and move upwind.
- Alert Fire Department and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- Major Spills Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.
  - Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.
  - No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources.
  - Increase ventilation.
  - Stop leak if safe to do so.

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- · Contain spill with sand, earth or vermiculite.
- Collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling.
- \* Absorb remaining product with sand, earth or vermiculite.
- Collect solid residues and seal in labelled drums for disposal.
- Wash area and prevent runoff into drains.
- If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

## **SECTION 7 Handling and storage**

#### Precautions for safe handling

- Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.
- Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.
- Use in a well-ventilated area.
- Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.
- DO NOT enter confined spaces until atmosphere has been checked.
- Avoid smoking, naked lights or ignition sources.
- Avoid contact with incompatible materials.

#### Safe handling

- \* When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.
- Keep containers securely sealed when not in use.
- Avoid physical damage to containers.
- Always wash hands with soap and water after handling.
- Work clothes should be laundered separately.
- Use good occupational work practice.
- Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.
- Atmosphere should be regularly checked against established exposure standards to ensure safe working conditions.
- . DO NOTallow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin
- Store in original containers.
- Keep containers securely sealed.
- Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.
- Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.
- Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks.
- Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Suitable container

Other information

- Metal can or drum
- Packaging as recommended by manufacturer.
- Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.

## Storage incompatibility

None known

## SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

#### **INGREDIENT DATA**

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	zinc chloride	Zinc chloride fume	1 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	zinc chloride	Zinc chloride fume	1 mg/m3	2 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	zinc chloride	Zinc chloride fume	1 mg/m3	2 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	ammonium chloride	Ammonium chloride fume	10 mg/m3	20 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	ammonium chloride	Ammonium chloride, fume	10 mg/m3	20 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available

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Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	copper	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Total Dust	15 mg/m3 / 50 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	copper	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3 / 15 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	copper	Copper- Dusts and mists (as Cu)	1 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	copper	Copper- Fume (as Cu)	0.1 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	copper	Copper (dusts and mists, as Cu)	1 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	[*Note: The REL also applies to other copper compounds (as Cu) except Copper fume.]
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	соррег	Copper Dusts and mists, as Cu	1 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	copper	Copper Fume, as Cu	0.2 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	bismuth	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3 / 15 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	bismuth	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Total Dust	15 mg/m3 / 50 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	bismuth	Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR)- Total dust	15 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	bismuth	Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR)- Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	bismuth	Particulates not otherwise regulated	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	See Appendix D

## **Exposure controls**

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.

The basic types of engineering controls are:

Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.

Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard 'physically' away from the worker and ventilation that strategically 'adds' and 'removes' air in the work environment. Ventilation can remove or dilute an air contaminant if designed properly. The design of a ventilation system must match the particular process and chemical or contaminant in use. Employers may need to use multiple types of controls to prevent employee overexposure.

General exhaust is adequate under normal operating conditions. If risk of overexposure exists, wear SAA approved respirator. Correct fit is essential to obtain adequate protection. Provide adequate ventilation in warehouse or closed storage areas. Air contaminants generated in the workplace possess varying 'escape' velocities which, in turn, determine the 'capture velocities' of fresh circulating air required to effectively remove the contaminant.

# Appropriate engineering controls

Type of Contaminant:	Air Speed:
solvent, vapours, degreasing etc., evaporating from tank (in still air)	0.25-0,5 m/s (50-100 f/min)
aerosols, fumes from pouring operations, intermittent container filling, low speed conveyer transfers, welding, spray drift, plating acid fumes, pickling (released at low velocity into zone of active generation)	0.5-1 m/s (100-200 f/min.)
direct spray, spray painting in shallow booths, drum filling, conveyer loading, crusher dusts, gas discharge (active generation into zone of rapid air motion)	1-2.5 m/s (200-500 f/min)
grinding, abrasive blasting, tumbling, high speed wheel generated dusts (released at high initial velocity into zone of very high rapid air motion).	2.5-10 m/s (500-2000 f/min.)

Within each range the appropriate value depends on:

Lower end of the range Upper end of the range

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1: Room air currents minimal or favourable to capture

1: Disturbing room air currents

2: Contaminants of low toxicity or of nuisance value only

2: Contaminants of high toxicity

3: Intermittent, low production.

3: High production, heavy use

4: Large hood or large air mass in motion

4: Small hood - local control only

Simple theory shows that air velocity falls rapidly with distance away from the opening of a simple extraction pipe. Velocity generally decreases with the square of distance from the extraction point (in simple cases). Therefore the air speed at the extraction point should be adjusted, accordingly, after reference to distance from the contaminating source. The air velocity at the extraction fan, for example, should be a minimum of 1-2 m/s (200-400 f/min.) for extraction of solvents generated in a tank 2 meters distant from the extraction point. Other mechanical considerations, producing performance deficits within the extraction apparatus, make it essential that theoretical air velocities are multiplied by factors of 10 or more when extraction systems are installed or used.

## Personal protection













Safety glasses with side shields.

Chemical goggles.

Eye and face protection

Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation - lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 59], [AS/NZS 1336 or national equivalent]

#### Skin protection

See Hand protection below

Hands/feet protection

- Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.
- Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber

**Body protection** 

See Other protection below

- Overalls.
- P.V.C apron.
- Other protection
- · Barrier cream
- Skin cleansing cream.
- · Eye wash unit.

#### Respiratory protection

Particulate. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

## SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Yellow Paste		
Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
337	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
282	Taste	Not Available
Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
	Liquid  Not Available  Not Available  Not Available  Not Available  337	Liquid  Relative density (Water = 1)  Not Available  Taste

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Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Partly miscible	pH as a solution (%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	>1	VOC g/L	Not Available

## **SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity**

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	<ul> <li>Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials.</li> <li>Product is considered stable.</li> <li>Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.</li> </ul>
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

## **SECTION 11 Toxicological information**

## Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May cause irritation to the respiratory system.					
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. However, ingestion is not likely to be a primary route of occupational exposure.					
Causes skin imitation.  Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material  Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful efferment of the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.						
Eye	If applied to the eyes, this material causes severe eye damage.					
Chronic	Repeated or long-term occupational exposure is likely systems.	to produce cumulative health	n effects involving organs or biochemical			
Acute Toxicity	×	Carcinogenicity	×			
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	¥	Reproductivity	×			
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	•	STOT - Single Exposure	×			
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	OT - Repeated Exposure	×			
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×			
	Legend:	X ~ Data either not avail	able or does not fill the criteria for classification like classification			

## **SECTION 12 Ecological information**

## Toxicity

ALCOHOL SERVICE CONTROL	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source	
Oatey No. 95 Tinning Flux	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	

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	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	NOEC(ECx)	672h	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.005-0.015mg/L	4
	BCF	1680h	Fish	58-116	7
zinc chloride	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.011mg/L	4
	LC50	96h	Fish	0.023-0.031mg/l	4
	EC50	48h	Crustacea	0.56mg/L	5
	EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.68-2.9mg/l	4
	PACHAGINATION OF THE PACHAGINA OF THE PA				
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	>76.6mg/l	4
	LC50	96h	Fish	0.14mg/l	4
ammonium chloride	EC50	48h	Crustacea	0.075-0.126mg/l	4
	NOEC(ECx)	Not Available	Fish	0.002mg/L	5
	EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants	58.476-59.706mg/L	4
	iden (Antonio Jopes				
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	EC50(ECx)	24h	Algae or other aquatic plants	<0.001mg/L	4
	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.011-0.017mg/L	4
copper	LC50	96h	Fish	~0.005mg/L	4
	EC50	48h	Crustacea	<0.001mg/L	4
	EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.03-0.058mg/l	4
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	NOEC(ECx)	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	1mg/l	2
bismuth	ErC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	>1.26mg/l	2
	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	>1.26mg/l	2
	LC50	96h	Fish	>100mg/l	2
	EC50	48h	Crustacea	>1,26mg/l	2
Legend:	Legend: Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data Vendor Data			ity Data 5.	

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Do NOT allow product to come in contact with surface waters or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash-waters.

Wastes resulting from use of the product must be disposed of on site or at approved waste sites.

For Metal:

Atmospheric Fate - Metal-containing inorganic substances generally have negligible vapour pressure and are not expected to partition to air.

Environmental Fate: Environmental processes, such as oxidation, the presence of acids or bases and microbiological processes, may transform insoluble metals to more soluble ionic forms. Environmental processes may enhance bioavailability and may also be important in changing solubilities.

Aquatic/Terrestrial Fate: When released to dry soil, most metals will exhibit limited mobility and remain in the upper layer; some will leach locally into ground water and/ or surface water ecosystems when soaked by rain or metitice. A metal ion is considered infinitely persistent because it cannot degrade further. Once released to surface waters and moist soils their fate depends on solubility and dissociation in water. A significant proportion of dissolved/ sorbed metals will end up in sediments through the settling of suspended particles. The remaining metal ions can then be taken up by aquatic organisms. Ionic species may bind to dissolved ligands or sorb to solid particles in water.

Ecotoxicity: Even though many metals show few toxic effects at physiological pH levels, transformation may introduce new or magnified effects.

DO NOTdischarge into sewer or waterways.

#### Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
zinc chloride	HIGH	HIGH

#### Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation		
zinc chloride	HIGH (BCF = 16000)		

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Mobility in soil

Ingredient

Mobility

zinc chloride

LOW (KOC = 23.74)

## **SECTION 13 Disposal considerations**

#### Waste treatment methods

- Containers may still present a chemical hazard/ danger when empty.
- Return to supplier for reuse/ recycling if possible.

#### Otherwise

- If container can not be cleaned sufficiently well to ensure that residuals do not remain or if the container cannot be used to store the same product, then puncture containers, to prevent re-use, and bury at an authorised landfill.
- Where possible retain label warnings and SDS and observe all notices pertaining to the product.

Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their area. In some areas, certain wastes must be tracked.

A Hierarchy of Controls seems to be common - the user should investigate:

- Reduction
- Reuse
- Product / Packaging disposal
- Recycling Disposal (if all else fails)

This material may be recycled if unused, or if it has not been contaminated so as to make it unsuitable for its intended use. If it has been contaminated, it may be possible to reclaim the product by filtration, distillation or some other means. Shelf life considerations should also be applied in making decisions of this type. Note that properties of a material may change in use, and recycling or reuse may not always be appropriate.

- DO NOTallow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.
- It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.
- In all cases disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations and these should be considered first.
- Where in doubt contact the responsible authority.
- \* Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
- Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.
- Bury residue in an authorised landfill
- Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.

## **SECTION 14 Transport information**

#### Labels Required



Marine Pollutant

## Land transport (DOT)

UN number

3082

UN proper shipping name

Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, r.o.s. (contains zinc chloride)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class

Subrisk

Packing group

Not Applicable

Environmental hazard

111

Special precautions for

Hazard Label

user Special provisions 8, 146, 173, 335, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29

For Individual Packages of Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 that contain LESS THAN the reportable quantity (5000 lbs) - Not Regulated

For Individual Packages of Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 that contain MORE THAN the reportable quantity (5000 lbs) - Regulated and classified as below:

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### Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

UN number 3082

UN proper shipping name Environmenta

Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. \* (contains zinc chloride)

ICAO/IATA Class 9

Transport hazard class(es)

ICAO / IATA Subrisk Not Applicable

ERG Code

Packing group

Environmental hazard

Special precautions for

Not Applicable

111

Special provisions A97 A158 A197 A215

Cargo Only Packing Instructions 964
Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack 450 L
Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions 964
Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack 450 L
Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions 7964

Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack 30 kg G

### Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

UN number 308

3002

UN proper shipping name

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains zinc chloride)

Transport hazard class(es)

IMDG Class

IMDG Subrisk

Not Applicable

Packing group

Ш

Environmental hazard

EMS Number

F-A , S-F

Special precautions for

user

Special provisions 274 335 969

Limited Quantities 5 L

### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

### Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group
zinc chloride	Not Available
ammonium chloride	Not Available
copper	Not Available
bismuth	Not Available

### Transport in bulk in accordance with the ICG Code

Product name	Ship Type
zinc chloride	Not Available
ammonium chloride	Not Available
copper	Not Available
bismuth	Not Available

### **SECTION 15 Regulatory information**

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

zinc chloride is found on the following regulatory lists

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US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List
US CWA (Clean Water Act) - List of Hazardous Substances
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Priority Pollutants
US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Toxic Pollutants
US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Toxic Pollutants
US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory
US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)
US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances
US EPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS)

#### ammonium chloride is found on the following regulatory lists

FEI Equine Prohibited Substances List - Banned Substances

US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)

FEI Equine Prohibited Substances List (EPSL)

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US CWA (Clean Water Act) - List of Hazardous Substances

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

### copper is found on the following regulatory lists

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List
US ATSDR Minimal Risk Levels for Hazardous Substances (MRLs)
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Priority Pollutants
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1
US CWA (Clean Water Act) - Toxic Pollutants
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3
US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)
US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory
US EPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS)
US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

#### bismuth is found on the following regulatory lists

US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1
US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

#### **Federal Regulations**

### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

#### Section 311/312 hazard categories Flammable (Gases, Aerosols, Liquids, or Solids) No Gas under pressure No Explosive No Self-heating No Pyrophoric (Liquid or Solid) No Pyrophoric Gas No Corrosive to metal No Oxidizer (Liquid, Solid or Gas) No Organic Peroxide No Self-reactive No In contact with water emits flammable gas No Combustible Dust No Νo Carcinogenicity Acute toxicity (any route of exposure) No Reproductive toxicity No Skin Corrosion or Irritation Yes Respiratory or Skin Sensitization No Serious eye damage or eye irritation Yes Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) No Aspiration Hazard No Germ cell mutagenicity No Simple Asphyxiant No Hazards Not Otherwise Classified Nο

### US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (40 CFR 302.4)

Name	Reportable Quantity in Pounds (lb)	Reportable Quantity in kg
zinc chloride	1000	454

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NameReportable Quantity in Pounds (ib)Reportable Quantity in kgammonium chloride50002270copper50002270

### **State Regulations**

US. California Proposition 65

None Reported

### **National Inventory Status**

National Inventory Status
USA - TSCA Yes

Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory

Legend: No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require

registration.

#### **SECTION 16 Other information**

Revision Date 08/30/2021 Initial Date 08/27/2021

#### Other information

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

### **Definitions and abbreviations**

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

ES: Exposure Standard

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

LOD: Limit Of Detection

OTV: Odour Threshold Value

BCF: BioConcentration Factors

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

AlIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

DSL: Domestic Substances List

NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China

EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

NLP: No-Longer Polymers

ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory

KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory

NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act

TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas

NCI: National Chemical Inventory

FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

SDS Number: 6200462 Revision Date: 2/8/2021 SAP Number:

# Safety Data Sheet

24 Hour Emergency Phone Numbers Medical/Poison Control:

In U.S.: Call 1-800-222-1222

Outside U.S.: Call your local poison control center

Transportation/National Response Center:

> 1-800-535-5053 1-352-323-3500

NOTE: The National ResponseCenter emergency numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals.

IMPORTANT: Provide this information to employees, customers, and users of this product. Read this SDS before handling or disposing of this product. This product is covered by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and this document has been prepared in accordance with requirements of this standard. All abbreviated terms used in this SDS are further described in Section 16.

# 1. Identification

PROFLO Tub & Tile Acrylic Latex Caulk White Revision Date: Product Name: 2/8/2021

5.5 fl oz (PFC301WHT)

781889061886 Product UPC Number:

DAP Products Inc. Manufacturer:

2400 Boston Street Suite 200 Baltimore, MD 21224-4723

888-327-8477 (non - emergency matters)

SDS Coordinator: MSDS@dap.com

Emergency Telephone: 1-800-535-5053, 1-352-323-3500, 1-800-222-1222

12/31/2020 Supercedes Date:

Product Use/Class: Caulking Compound

6200462 SDS No:

Regulatory and Environmental Preparer:

Affairs

# 2. Hazards Identification

### **GHS Classification**

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

### Symbol(s) of Product

None

### Signal Word

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

### Possible Hazards

52% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute toxicity

# 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

**Chemical Name** CAS-No. Wt. % GHS Symbols **GHS Statements** Petroleum distillates 64741-88-4 1-5 No Information No Information

The text for GHS Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in the "Other information" Section.

SDS Number: 6200462 SAP Number: Revision Date: 2/8/2021

# 4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Material is not likely to present an inhalation hazard at ambient conditions. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical attention immediately.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: In case of contact, wash skin immediately with soap and water.

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes until irritation subsides. Get medical attention immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Get medical attention immediately.

# 5. Fire-fighting Measures

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: None Known.

**SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES:** Wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand (NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Use water spray to cool exposed surfaces.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam, Water Spray or Fog, Water

### 6. Accidental Release Measures

**ENVIRONMENTAL MEASURES:** Wipe up or scrape up and contain for salvage or disposal. Clean area as appropriate. Dispose of saturated absorbent or cleaning materials appropriately. Local, state and federal laws and regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which federal, state and local laws and regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this MSDS provide information regarding certain federal and state requirements.

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Use personal protective equipment as necessary. In case of spillage, absorb with inert material and dispose of in accordance with applicable regulations. Scrape up dried material and place into containers.

# 7. Handling and Storage

**HANDLING:** KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN!DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. Use only with adequate ventilation. Ensure fresh air entry during application and drying. Wash thoroughly after handling.

STORAGE: Avoid excessive heat and freezing. Do not store at temperatures above 120 °F (49 °C). Store away from caustics and oxidizers.

# 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Ingredients with Occupational Exposure Limits

<u>Chemical Name</u> <u>ACGIH TLV-TWA</u> <u>ACGIH-TLV STEL</u> <u>OSHA PEL-TWA</u> <u>OSHA PEL-CEILING</u>

Petroleum distillates N.E. N.E. N.E. N.E. N.E.

Further Advice: MEL = Maximum Exposure Limit OES = Occupational Exposure Standard SUP = Supplier's Recommendation Sk = Skin Sensitizer N.E. = Not Established

### **Personal Protection**



RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required.



SKIN PROTECTION: Rubber gloves.



EYE PROTECTION: Goggles or safety glasses with side shields.

SDS Number: 6200462 SAP Number: Revision Date: 2/8/2021



# OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Not required under normal use.



**HYGIENIC PRACTICES:** Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Auto-Ignition Temperature, °C

Vapor Pressure, mmHg:

Flammability, NFPA:

Flash Method:

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: White to Off-White Physical State: Paste

Odor:Very Slight AmmoniaOdor Threshold:Not EstablishedDensity, g/cm3:1.52 - 1.52pH:Between 7.0 and 12.0

Freeze Point, °C: Not Established Viscosity (mPa.s):

Solubility in Water:

No Information

Partition Coeff., n-octanol/water:

Decomposition Temperature, °C:

Not Established

Explosive Limits. %:

Boiling Range, °C: 100 - 100
Minimum Flash Point, °C: 100

**Evaporation Rate:** Slower Than n-Butyl Acetate

Vapor Density: Heavier Than Air

Combustible Dust: Does not support combustion

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

(If product is an aerosol, the flash point stated above is that of the propellant.)

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY: Stable under recommended storage conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Excessive heat and freezing.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong bases and oxidizing agents.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Normal decomposition products, i.e., COx, NOx,

# 11. Toxicological Information

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Inhalation of vapors in high concentration may cause mild irritation of respiratory system (nose, mouth, mucous membranes).

**EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT:** Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause mild irritation.

**EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT:** Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Direct eye contact may cause irritation.

**EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION**: Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Single dose oral toxicity is very low. Amounts ingested incidental to industrial handling are not likely to cause injury; however, ingestion of large amounts may cause injury.

**CARCINOGENICITY:** No Information

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause mild irritation of eyes and skin.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Skin Contact, Inhalation

**Acute Toxicity Values** 

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below

CAS-No.Chemical NameOral LD50Dermal LD50Vapor LC5064741-88-4Petroleum distillates>5000 mg/kg Rat>2000 mg/kg RabbitN.I.

N.I. = No Information

N.E.

Not Established

Not Established

Not Established

Seta Closed Cup

Non-Flammable

Not Established - Not Established

# 12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Ecological injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

# 13. Disposal Information

**DISPOSAL INFORMATION:** This product does not meet the definition of a hazardous waste according to U.S. EPA Hazardous Waste Management Regulation, 40 CFR Section 261. Dispose as hazardous waste according to all local, state, federal and provincial regulations. State and Local regulations/restrictions are complex and may differ from Federal regulations. Responsibility for proper waste disposal is with the owner of the waste.

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Use personal protective equipment as necessary. In case of spillage, absorb with inert material and dispose of in accordance with applicable regulations. Scrape up dried material and place into containers.

# 14. Transport Information

DOT UN/NA Number: N.A.

DOT Proper Shipping Name: Not Regulated

DOT Technical Name: N.A.
DOT Hazard Class: N.A.
Hazard SubClass: 0
Packing Group: N.A.

# Regulatory Information

### **SARA SECTION 313:**

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

No Sara 313 components exist in this product.

### TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT:

All ingredients in this product are either on TSCA inventory list, or otherwise exempt.

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

### Other Information

Revision Date: 2/8/2021 Supersedes Date: 12/31/2020

Reason for revision: Product Composition Changed

Substance and/or Product Properties Changed in Section(s):

01 - Product Information05 - Flammability Information09 - Physical & Chemical Information14 - Transportation Information

Datasheet produced by:

Regulatory Department

**HMIS Ratings:** 

Health: Flammability: Reactivity: Personal Protection:

1 0 0 x

VOC Less Water Less Exempt Solvent, g/L: 18.2

VOC Material, g/L: 12

VOC as Defined by California Consumer Product Regulation, Wt/Wt%: 0.03

VOC Actual, Wt/Wt%: 0.8

# Icons for GHS Pictograms shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

No GHS Pictograms exist for Section 3

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

DAP believes the data and statements contained herein are accurate as of the date hereof. They are offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IS MADE WITH REGARD TO THE INFORMATION HEREIN PROVIDED OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION REFERS. Since this document is intended only as a guide to the appropriate use and precautionary handling of the referenced product by a properly trained person, it is therefore the responsibility of the user to (i) review the recommendations with due consideration for the specific context of the intended use and (ii) determine if they are appropriate.

SDS Number: 1032601 SAP Number : Revision Date: 4/12/2022



# Safety Data Sheet

24 Hour Emergency Phone Numbers Medical/Poison Control:

in U.S.: Call 1-800-222-1222

Outside U.S.: Call your local poison control center

Transportation/National Response Center:

1-800-535-5053 1-352-323-3500

NOTE: The National ResponseCenter emergency numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals.

IMPORTANT: Provide this information to employees, customers, and users of this product. Read this SDS before handling or disposing of this product. This product is covered by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and this document has been prepared in accordance with requirements of this standard. All abbreviated terms used in this SDS are further described in Section 16.

# 1. Identification

Product Name:

Ultra Clear Flexible All Purpose Waterproof

Sealant

**Product UPC Number:** 

070798183872

Manufacturer:

DAP Global inc.

2400 Boston Street Suite 200 Baltimore, MD 21224-4723

888-327-8477 (non - emergency matters)

SDS Coordinator: MSDS@dap.com

Emergency Telephone:

Transportation: 1-800-535 -5053

1-352-323-3500 Poison Control: 1-800-222-1222 Revision Date: 4/12/2022

Supercedes Date:

12/29/2021

Product Use/Class:

Caulking Compound

SDS No:

1032601

Preparer:

Regulatory and Environmental

**Affairs** 

### 2. Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: DANGER!Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Vapors can form an ignitable mixture with air. Vapors can flow along surfaces to a distant ignition source and flash back. Do not smoke. Extinguish all flames and pilot lights, and turn off stoves, heaters, electric motors and other sources of ignition during use and until all vapors are gone. Keep container closed and away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Store away from caustics and oxidizers. Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid skin and eye contact. Use only with adequate ventilation. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all windows and doors to achieve cross-ventilation. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. May affect the brain or nervous system causing dizziness, headache or nausea.

### **GHS Classification**

Acute Tox. 4 Inhalation, Flam. Lig. 3, Skin Irrit. 2

### Symbol(s) of Product



### Signal Word Warning

#### Possible Hazards

38% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute toxicity

### **GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS**

Flammable Liquid, category 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. Skin Irritation, category 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

Acute Toxicity, Inhalation, category 4 H332 Harmful if inhaled.

### **GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water/shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label).

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing.
P370+P378 In case of fire: Use... to extinguish.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P501 Dispose of contents/container.

### **GHS SDS PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/.../ equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

# 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Wt. %	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
Hydrogenated petroleum resin	69430-35-9	15-40	No Information	No Information
Xylenes	1330-20-7	10-30	GHS02-GHS07	H226-312-315-332
Ethyl benezene	100-41-4	5-10	GHS02-GHS07- GHS08	H225-304-332-373
Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl).seb	41556-26-7	1-5	No Information	No Information
Methyl(1,2,2,6,6-penta)seb	82919-37-7	0.5-1.5	No Information	No Information

The text for GHS Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in the "Other information" Section.

### 4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - INHALATION: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued breathing difficulty is experienced, get medical attention immediately. NOTE: Only trained personnel should administer artificial respiration or give oxygen.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water for 15 minutes. Get medical aid if symptoms persist. Remove and

wash contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: If material gets into eyes, flush with water immediately for 15 minutes. Consult a physician.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Get medical attention immediately.

# 5. Fire-fighting Measures

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Eliminate sources of ignition: heat, electrical equipment, sparks and flames. Vapors can form an ignitable mixture with air. Vapors can flow along surfaces to a distant ignition source and flash back. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Containers may explode if exposed to extreme heat. Empty containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor). Vapor can ignite potentially causing an explosion.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand (NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Use water spray to cool exposed surfaces.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam, Water Spray or Fog, Water

### Accidental Release Measures

### **ENVIRONMENTAL MEASURES:** No Information

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: NOTE: Review fire hazards before proceeding with clean up. Immediately eliminate sources of ignition. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Prevent product from entering drains. Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Read all product instructions before using. Personal protective equipment should include impervious gloves, protective eye wear, and suitable work clothes. Scrape up dried material and place into containers.

# 7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN!DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. Remove all sources of ignition. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid heat, sparks and open flames. Wear appropriate personal protection. Avoid breathing vapor and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use in well ventilated area. Open all windows and doors or use other means to ensure cross-ventilation and fresh air entry during application and drying. Odor is not an adequate warning for hazardous conditions. Empty containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor). Vapor can ignite potentially causing an explosion. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not use in areas where static sparks may be generated.

STORAGE: Store away from sources of ignition and heat. Do not store at temperatures above 120 °F (49 °C). Store containers away from excessive heat and freezing. Store away from caustics and oxidizers. Keep containers tightly closed.

# 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Ingredients with	Occupational	Exposure	Limits
------------------	--------------	----------	--------

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV-TWA	ACGIH-TLV STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL-CEILING
Hydrogenated petroleum resin	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Xylenes	20 ppm TWA	N.E.	100 ppm TWA, 43 mg/m3 TWA	5 N.E.
Ethyl benezene	20 ppm TWA	N.E.	100 ppm TWA, 43 mg/m3 TWA	5 N.E.
Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl).seb	N.E.	N.E.	N.Ĕ.	N.E.
Methyl(1,2,2,6,6-penta)seb	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

Further Advice: MEL = Maximum Exposure Limit OES = Occupational Exposure Standard SUP = Supplier's Recommendation Sk = Skin Sensitizer N.E. = Not Established

# Personal Protection



RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A NIOSH-approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be necessary under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. If concentrations exceed the exposure limits specified, use of a NIOSH-approved supplied air respirator is recommended. Where the protection factor is exceeded, use of a Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) may be necessary. If you experience eye watering, headache or dizziness or if air monitoring demonstrates vapor/mist levels are above applicable limits, wear and appropriate, properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) during and after application. A respiratory protection program that meets the OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.



SKIN PROTECTION: Solvent-resistant gloves.



EYE PROTECTION: Goggles or safety glasses with side shields.



OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Provide eyewash and solvent impervious apron if body contact may occur.



HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Clear Physical State: Paste

Odor: Strona Solvent Odor Threshold: Not Established Not Applicable Density, a/cm3: 0.89 - 0.89pH: Not Established Viscosity (mPa.s): Freeze Point. °C: Not Established Partition Coeff., n-octanol/water: Not Established Solubility in Water: Not Established

Decomposition Temperature, °C: Not Established Explosive Limits, %:

Boiling Range, °C: N.A. - N.A. Auto-Ignition Temperature, °C Minimum Flash Point, °C: 27.2 Vapor Pressure, mmHg:

Evaporation Rate: Faster Than n-Butyl Acetate

Closed Cup

Vapor Density: Heavier Than Air Flammability, NFPA: Flammable Liquid

Flash Method:

Combustible Dust: Does not support combustion

Compustible Dust: Does not support combustion

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)
(If product is an aerosol, the flash point stated above is that of the propellant.)

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY: Stable under normal conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions. Do not smoke.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep away from strong oxidizing agents, heat and open flames. Strong acids and strong bases.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Normal decomposition products, i.e., COx, NOx.

# 11. Toxicological Information

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Inhalation of vapors may cause irritation of the nose, throat, lungs and respiratory tract. Inhalation of vapors in high concentration may cause shortness of breath (lung edema). Prolonged, repeated or high exposures may cause central nervous system depression leading to headaches, nausea, drowsiness, dizziness, and possibly narcosis. In extreme cases, may cause loss of consciousness.

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: May cause skin irritation. Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis, drying and defatting due to the solvent properties.

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: May cause eye irritation.

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Harmful or fatal if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal disturbances with dizziness and central nervous system depression. If ingested, may cause depressed respiration. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

**CARCINOGENICITY**: No Information

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: Prolonged or repeated contact with skin can cause defatting of the skin, which may lead to dermatitis. Prolonged or repeated inhalation of solvent vapors may cause irregular heartbeat. NOTICE: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

N.E. - N.E.

Class IC

Not Established

Not Established

Pensky-Martens

Symptoms include: loss of memory, loss of intellectual ability and loss of coordination. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Skin Contact, Skin Absorption, Inhalation

### **Acute Toxicity Values**

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below

<u>CAS-No.</u> 69430-35-9	<u>Chemical Name</u> Hydrogenated petroleum resin	Oral LD50 N.I.	<u>Dermal LD50</u> N.I.	Vapor LC50 N.I.
1330-20-7	Xylenes	3500 mg/kg Rat	1700 mg/kg Rabbit	29.08 mg/L Rat
100-41-4	Ethyl benezene	3500 mg/kg Rat	15400 mg/kg Rabbit	17.4 mg/L Rat
41556-26-7	Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl).seb	2615 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	N.I.
82919-37-7	Methyl(1,2,2,6,6-penta)seb	N.I.	N.I.	N.I.

N.I. = No Information

# 12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Ecological injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

# Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: Residues and spilled material are hazardous waste due to ignitability. Dispose of material in accordance with all federal, state and local regulations. State and Local regulations/restrictions are complex and may differ from Federal regulations. Responsibility for proper waste disposal is with the owner of the waste. Liquids cannot be disposed of in a landfill. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not empty into drains. Do not re-use empty containers. The container for this product can present explosion or fire hazards, even when emptied. To avoid risk of injury, do not cut, puncture, or weld on or near this container.

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: NOTE: Review fire hazards before proceeding with clean up. Immediately eliminate sources of ignition. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Prevent product from entering drains. Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Read all product instructions before using. Personal protective equipment should include impervious gloves, protective eye wear, and suitable work clothes. Scrape up dried material and place into containers.

# 14. Transport Information

DOT UN/NA Number:

UN1133

**DOT Proper Shipping Name:** 

Adhesives, containing a flammable liquid

DOT Technical Name:

N.A.

DOT Hazard Class:

3 Flammable liquid

Hazard SubClass:

N.A.

Packing Group:

111

# 15. Regulatory Information

# U.S. Federal Regulations:

### **CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category**

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids), Acute Toxicity (any route of exposure), Skin Corrosion or Irritation

### **SARA SECTION 313:**

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

<u>Chemical Name</u> <u>CAS-No.</u>

SDS Number: 1032601 SAP Number: Revision Date: 4/12/2022

 Xylenes
 1330-20-7

 Ethyl benezene
 100-41-4

### TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT:

All ingredients in this product are either on TSCA inventory list, or otherwise exempt.

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

# 16. Other Information

Revision Date: 4/11/2022 Supersedes Date: 12/29/2021

Reason for revision: Substance Hazard Threshold % Changed

Substance and/or Product Properties Changed in Section(s):

01 - Product Information

08 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Datasheet produced by:

Regulatory Department

**HMIS Ratings:** 

Health: Flammability: Reactivity: Personal Protection:

2\* 3 0 X

VOC Less Water Less Exempt Solvent, g/L: 331.9

VOC Material, g/L: 332

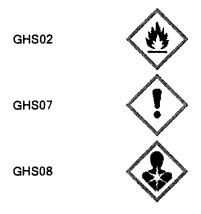
VOC as Defined by California Consumer Product Regulation, Wt/Wt%: 37.00

VOC Actual, Wt/Wt%: 37.0

# Text for GHS Hazard Statements shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Icons for GHS Pictograms shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:



Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

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# Regulatory Data Sheet

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Document Group:

08-6444-7

Version Number:

16.00

Issue Date:

01/25/24

Supercedes Date:

06/28/23

# 3M Interam(tm) Ultra PPD and Ultra RC Packs

3M

Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

RDSs are available at www.3M.com

# Regulations and Industry Standards

### SDS (US OSHA)

This product is an article and therefore is not subject to the requirements of the US Occupational Safety and Health Administration's (OSHA) Hazardous Communications Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200(b)(6)(v) to provide a Safety Data Sheet (SDS).

### EU REACH

This product is an article, without intended release of a chemical substance, under the Regulation No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (refer to REACH, Article 3(3)). It is not a chemical preparation. Therefore, it is not subject to the (pre)-registration or the registration process. It does not require a safety data sheet.

### **EU REACH**

This product, including any article that the product is composed of, does not contain at greater than 0.1% by weight a Substance of Very High Concern (SVHC) substance identified according to Article 59 of REACH. This declaration reflects the substances on the candidate SVHC list, effective January 2024.

### Stockholm Agreement

This product does not contain Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs) at or above applicable thresholds per Annexes A, B, and C of the Stockholm Convention, May 2004 and subsequent amendments.

# Sustainability Advantage: Recycled content

This product does not contain recycled content.

## TSCA Section 6

This product is not known to contain 2,4,6-Tri-tert-butylphenol (CAS 732-26-3).

### TSCA Section 6

This product is not known to contain Decabromodiphenyl Ether (Deca-BDE) (CAS 1163-19-5).

### TSCA Section 6

This product is not known to contain Hexachlorobutadiene (HCBD) (CAS 87-68-3).

### TSCA Section 6

This product is not known to contain Pentachlorothiophenol (PCTP) (CAS 133-49-3).

### **TSCA Section 6**

This product is not known to contain Phenol, isopropylated phosphate (3:1) (PIP (3:1)) (CAS 68937-41-7).

# Chemicals and/or Compounds of Interest

Asbestos: Not known to contain.

# Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS)

PFAS refers to a broad range of thousands of materials with varying properties and characteristics, which may include high resistance to oil, water, temperature, chemicals, and fire, which makes certain PFAS critical to the functioning of many modern products.

Per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS): Not intentionally added.

Perfluorohexane sulfonate (PFHxS): Not intentionally added.

Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA) (CAS 307-24-4): Not intentionally added.

Perfluorooctanesulfonic Acid (PFOS) (CAS 1763-23-1): Not intentionally added.

Perfluorooctanoic Acid (PFOA) (CAS 335-67-1): Not intentionally added.

# **Definitions**

Note: all Definitions take Disclaimers into account and apply to the "Chemicals and/or Compounds of Interest" and/or "Per and poly-fluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS)" sections only

Terms	Definitions				
Contains*	Present based on composition information disclosed by 3M suppliers, analytical testing, or both.				
Not known to contain*	Analytical measurement for presence is not currently available;				
	2. If measurement is possible,				
	a) The material has not been identified or disclosed to 3M and				
	b) The material has not been specifically quantified or detected; OR				
	c) Based on information from raw material suppliers, possible presence as an impurity or				
	by-product at or below regulatory thresholds (e.g., 0.1 or 0.01 %)				
Intentionally added**	Desired in the final product to provide a specific characteristic, appearance, or quality and/or to perform a specific function.				
Not intentionally added**	By-product(s), impurity(ies) and/or unintended artifact(s) resulting from the formulation and/or manufacture of a material.				
By-product***	A chemical substance produced without a separate commercial intent during the manufacture, processing, use, or disposal of another chemical substance or mixture.				
Impurity***	A chemical substance which is unintentionally present with another chemical substance (e.g., residuals, catalysts, process solvents).				

<sup>\*</sup>Terms apply to the Chemicals and/or Compounds of Interest Section only (if section is present)

Disclaimers: The information provided in this document related to material content represents 3M's knowledge and belief, which may be based in whole or in part on information provided by suppliers to 3M. This is intended to answer commonly asked questions about 3M products and is not intended to be a comprehensive listing of all substances that may be of interest or that may be regulated in this or other 3M products, nor is it intended to be a comprehensive summary of any and all regulations that may apply to this product. Where substances are listed, their listing does not infer or constitute a judgment as to their safety, environmental or health impacts. Information is supplied upon the condition that the persons receiving the same will make their own determination as to its suitability for their purposes prior to use. Customers are encouraged to consult with legal and regulatory experts to determine applicable regulations in light of intended use of the product.

Limitation of Remedies and Liability: In the event any Product is proven not to conform with the information in this document, then to the extent permitted by law, 3M's entire liability and Buyer's exclusive remedy, will be at 3M's option either: (i) replacement of Product with a conforming product, or (ii) refund of the purchase price paid by Buyer for each non-conforming Product, within a reasonable time after written notification of said non-conformance and return

<sup>\*\*</sup>Terms apply to the PFAS Section only (if section is present)

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Terms apply to both the Chemicals and/or Compounds of Interest and PFAS Sections (if section(s) are present)

of said Product to 3M. 3M shall not under any circumstances be liable for direct, incidental, special, or consequential damages (including but not limited to loss of profits, revenue, or business) related to or arising out of this certification, including, the use, misuse or inability to use the Product. Unless stated otherwise in writing, the foregoing language cannot be waived, modified, or supplemented in any manner whatsoever.

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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Uni-Weld Cleaner or Purple Primer

Other means of identification

Product code 1401E

Synonyms Part Numbers: 7366S, 7356S, 77346S, 7336S, 7324, 8836S, 8824

Recommended use Joining PVC Pipes
Recommended restrictions. None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information Company

Name United Elchem Industries c/o Oatey Co

Address 4700 West 160th St.

Cleveland, OH 44135

Telephone 216-267-7100 E-mail info@oatey.com

Transport Emergency Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887)

Emergency First Aid 1-877-740-5015 Contact person MSDS Coordinator

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2

Health hazards Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Aspiration hazard Category 1

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters

airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May

cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly

closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof

electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear eye protection/face protection. Wear protective gloves/protective

clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up.

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### Disposal

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Supplemental information

Not applicable.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Acetone	67-64-1	70-100
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	1-5

<sup>\*</sup>Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin

irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm, Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods General fire hazards Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive

organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.

### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions. protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entening them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

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### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

## **Environmental precautions**

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

### 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	PEL	200 mg/m3	
,		50 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Valu	es		
Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm	
	TWA	20 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Che	mical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3	
		250 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	TWA	100 mg/m3	

### **Biological limit values**

### **ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*

25 ppm

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### **ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	80 mg/l	1,2-Cyclohexan ediol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*	
	8 mg/l	Cyclohexanol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*	

<sup>\* -</sup> For sampling details, please see the source document.

### **Exposure guidelines**

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove Hand protection

supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. Respiratory protection Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. Thermal hazards

General hygiene considerations

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely

wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

Physical state Liquid.

Form Translucent liquid.

Purple Color Odor Solvent. Odor threshold Not available. Not available. Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling

133 °F (56.11 °C)

range

-4.0 °F (-20.0 °C) Flash point Not available. Evaporation rate Not applicable. Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Not available.

(%)

Uni-Weld Cleaner Purple Primer SDS US Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Not available.

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available. Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%)

145 mm Hg @ 20 C Vapor pressure

2.5 Vapor density

0.79 +/- 0.02 Relative density

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Miscible Not available. Partition coefficient

(n-octanoi/water)

**Auto-ignition temperature** Not available. Not available. Decomposition temperature < 10 cP **Viscosity** 

Other information

**Bulk density** 7 lb/gal **Explosive properties** Not explosive. Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.

<25 g/I SQACMD Method 24 VOC (Weight %)

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the Conditions to avoid

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Ammonia. Amines. Isocyanates. Caustics. incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

### 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause irritation

to the respiratory system. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue,

dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.

Causes serious eve irritation. Eye contact

Ingestion May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if swallowed. Droplets of the product

aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and

vomiting. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects. May cause respiratory imitation. **Acute toxicity** 

**Test Results** Components **Species** 

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 20 ml/ka

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 50 mg/l, 8 Hours

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Components	Species	Test Results
Oral		
LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1	1)	
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	948 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	1540 mg/kg

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation. Serious eye damage/eye Causes serious eve irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are Germ cell mutagenicity

mutagenic or genotoxic.

This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA. Carcinogenicity

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Narcotic effects. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Respiratory tract irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Chronic effects** Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

# 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components		Species	Test Results	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)				
Aquatic				
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales	promeias) > 100 mg/l, 96 hours	

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 481 - 578 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available. Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) -0.24Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) 0.81

Mobility in soil No data available.

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation Other adverse effects potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

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<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

### 13. Disposal considerations

Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material Disposal instructions

and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied.

# 14. Transport information

DOT

UN1993 UN number

UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Acetone RQ = 5128 LBS)

3 Class Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) Packing group 11

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28 Special provisions

Packaging exceptions 150 202 Packaging non bulk Packaging bulk 242

IATA

**UN number** UN1993

UN proper shipping name Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Acetone)

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Class Subsidiary risk II Packing group **Environmental hazards** No. **ERG Code** 

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**IMDG** 

UN1993 **UN number** 

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Acetone) UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Class Subsidiary risk Packing group 11 **Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutant No. F-E, S-E

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not established.

15. Regulatory information

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication US federal regulations

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

927429 Version #: 01 Revision date: 12-5-2017 Issue date: 5-27-2015 7/9 TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)** 

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) LISTED Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) LISTED

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Immediate Hazard - Yes **Hazard categories** 

Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and **Chemical Code Number** 

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV

**DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number** 

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

**US. California Proposition 65** 

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes

Uni-Weld Cleaner Purple Primer SDS US Country(s) or region Inventory name On inventory (yes/no)\*

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Yes Europe

Substances (EINECS)

European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) No Europe

Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) Yes Japan Yes Existing Chemicals List (ECL) Korea Yes New Zealand New Zealand Inventory

Yes **Philippines** Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

(PICCS)

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Yes

# 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

27-May-2015 issue date

Revision date Version# 01 **HMIS®** ratings Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0

Disclaimer The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently

available. Oatey Co. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product,

and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.

9/9 927429 Version #: 01 Revision date: 12-5-2017 Issue date: 5-27-2015

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).





# **Technical Data Sheet**

3M™ Venture Tape™ Facing Tape 1540CW





Last Revision Date: June, 2021

English

# **Product Description**

3M™ Venture Tape™ 1540CW is a kraft/scrim/foil (ASJ) laminate coated with a cold weather acrylic pressure sensitive

### **Product Features**

- Cold weather adhesive performs well over a wide temperature range
  Mold inhibitor helps maintain adhesive strength and effectiveness
- High puncture and tear resistance ensures long life and durability.
- Conforms well to curved and irregular surfaces

# <u>Technical Information Note</u>

The following technical information and data should be considered representative or typical only and should not be used for specification purposes.

### **Typical Physical Properties**

Attribute Name	Test Method	Value
Color		White
Adhesive Type		Acrylic
Backing		ASJ
Backing Thickness	ASTM D3652	0.16 mm (6.5 mil)
Total Tape Thickness	ASTM D3652	0.19 mm (7.5 mil)
Liner		Release Liner
Water Vapor Transmission	ASTM E96	0.02 US Perms

# **Typical Performance Characteristics**

Attribute Name	Test Method	Temperature	Value
190° Pool Adhasian	ACTM D2220	22 °C (72 °F)	Exceeds the strength o f
180° Peel Adhesion	ASTM D3330		tape backing oz/in ¹
Elongation at Break	ASTM D3759		2 %
Tensile Strength	ASTM D3759		70.1 N/cm (40 lb/in)

<sup>1 12</sup> in/min (300 mm/min)

Attribute Name	Value
Long Term Temperature Resistance	116 °C (240 °F) ¹
Minimum Long Term Temperature Resistance	-40 °C (-40 °F) ¹

Long Term (day, weeks)

# **Handling/Application Information**

# **Application Examples**

- Closure system on ASJ faced duct piping systems
- Vapor seal on ASJ faced ductboard and pipe insulation

### Certifications/Standards

### Certifications

- UL723 Classified (15/10 Flame/Smoke Rating) [UL file #R10984]
- CAN/ULC Classified (15/10 Flame/Smoke Rating) [UL file #R10984]

#### Codes & Test Standards

Meets ASTM C1136, Type 1, II, III, IV. \*ASTM C1136 testing based in part on third party test data of the product backing

# Storage and Shelf Life

Store in a clean, dry place. Temperature of 40-80°F (4-26°C) and 40 to 50% relative humidity are recommended. To obtain best performance, use this product within 24 months from date of manufacture.

### **Information**

**Technical information:** The technical information, guidance, and other statements contained in this document or otherwise provided by 3M are based upon records, tests, or experience that 3M believes to be reliable, but the accuracy, completeness, and representative nature of such information is not guaranteed. Such information is intended for people with knowledge and technical skills sufficient to assess and apply their own informed judgment to the information. No license under any 3M or third party intellectual property rights is granted or implied with this information.

**Product Selection and Use:** Many factors beyond 3M's control and uniquely within user's knowledge and control can affect the use and performance of a 3M product in a particular application. As a result, customer is solely responsible for evaluating the product and determining whether it is appropriate and suitable for customer's application, including conducting a workplace hazard assessment and reviewing all applicable regulations and standards (e.g., OSHA, ANSI, etc.). Failure to properly evaluate, select, and use a 3M product and appropriate safety products, or to meet all applicable safety regulations, may result in injury, sickness, death, and/or harm to property.

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### **ISO Statement**

This Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division product was manufactured under a 3M quality system registered to ISO 9001 standards.

3M Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division 3M Center, Building 225-3S-06 St. Paul, MN 55144-1000 800-362-3550 3M and Venture Tape are trademarks of 3M Company. ©3M 2021 (6/21)







# **Safety Data Sheet**

### 1 - Identification

Trade Name: WD-40 Smart Straw Aerosol

**Product Use:** Lubricant, Penetrant, Drives Out Moisture, Removes and Protects Surfaces From

Corrosion

Restrictions on Use: None identified

SDS Date Of Preparation: August 2, 2021

Canadian Office:

WD-40 Products [Canada] Ltd.

P.O. Box 220

Toronto, Ontario M9C 4V3

Information Phone #: (416) 622-9881

Emergency Phone # 24 hr: Canutec: (613) 996-

6666 -

Designated for use only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire exposure or

accident involving chemicals

### 2 - Hazards Identification

### WHMIS 2015/GHS Classification:

Flammable Aerosol Category 1

Gas Under Pressure: Compressed Gas

Aspiration Toxicity Category 1

Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure Category 3 (nervous system effects)

### **Label Elements:**



### DANGER!

Extremely flammable aerosol.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Avoid breathing mist or vapors.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

### Response

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you fell unwell.

### Storage

Store locked up.

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store in a well-ventilated place.

### Disposal

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local and national regulations.

3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredient	CAS#	Weight Percent	WHMIS 2015/ GHS Classification
Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-47-8	50-70%	Flammable Liquid Category 3 Aspiration Toxicity Category 1 Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure Category 3 (nervous system effects)
Petroleum Base Oil	Mixture	30-35%	Not Hazardous
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	2-3%	Simple Asphyxiant

### 4 - First Aid Measures

**Ingestion (Swallowed):** Aspiration Hazard. DO NOT induce vomiting. Call physician, poison control center or the WD-40 Safety Hotline at 1-888-324-7596 immediately.

**Eye Contact:** Flush thoroughly with water. Remove contact lenses if present after the first 5 minutes and continue flushing for several more minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water. If irritation develops and persists, get medical attention.

**Inhalation (Breathing):** If irritation is experienced, move to fresh air. Get medical attention if irritation or other symptoms develop and persist.

**Signs and Symptoms of Exposure:** Harmful or fatal is swallowed. If swallowed, may be aspirated and cause lung damage. May cause eye irritation. Inhalation of mists or vapors may cause nasal and respiratory tract irritation and central nervous system effects such as headache, dizziness and nausea. Skin contact may cause drying of the skin.

**Indication of Immediate Medical Attention/Special Treatment Needed:** Immediate medical attention is needed for ingestion.

### 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable (and unsuitable) Extinguishing Media: Use water fog, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or foam. Do not use water jet or flooding amounts of water. Burning product will float on the surface and spread fire. Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical: Contents under pressure. Keep away from ignition sources and open flames. Exposure of containers to extreme heat and flames can cause them to rupture often with violent force. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along surfaces to remote ignition sources and flash back. Combustion will produce oxides of carbon and hydrocarbons.

**Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-Fighters:** Firefighters should always wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing. Cool fire-exposed containers with water. Use shielding to protect against bursting containers.

### 6 - Accidental Release Measures

**Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures:** Wear appropriate protective clothing (see Section 8). Eliminate all sources of ignition and ventilate area.

**Methods and Materials for Containment/Cleanup:** Leaking cans should be placed in a plastic bag or open pail until the pressure has dissipated. Contain and collect liquid with an inert absorbent and place in a container for disposal. Clean spill area thoroughly. Report spills to authorities as required.

### 7 - Handling and Storage

**Precautions for Safe Handling:** Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged contact with skin. Avoid breathing vapors or aerosols. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat, sparks, pilot lights, hot surfaces and open flames. Unplug electrical tools, motors and appliances before spraying or bringing the can near any source of electricity. Electricity can burn a hole in the can and cause contents to burst into flames. To avoid serious burn injury, do not let the can touch battery terminals, electrical connections on motors or appliances or any other source of electricity. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Keep containers closed when not in use. Keep out of the reach of children. Do not puncture, crush or incinerate containers, even when empty.

**Conditions for Safe Storage:** Store in a cool, well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials. Do not store above 120°F or in direct sunlight. U.F.C (NFPA 30B) Level 3 Aerosol. Store away from oxidizers.

8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Chemical	Occupational Exposure limits		
Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	1200 mg/m3 TWA (manufacturer recommended)		
Petroleum Base Oil	5 mg/m3 TWA (Inhalable) ACGIH TLV (as mineral oil)		
	5 mg/m3 TWA, 10 mg/m3 STEL Canada- Québec (as oil mist, mineral)		
	5 mg/m3 TWA, 10 mg/m3 STEL Canada- Ontario (as oil mist, mineral)		
	1 mg/m3 TWA British Columbia (as Oil mist-mineral, severely refined)		
Carbon Dioxide	5000 ppm TWA, 30000 ppm STEL ACGIH TLV		
	5000 ppm TWA, 30000 ppm STEL Canada- Ontario		
	5000 ppm TWA, 30000 ppm STEL Canada- Québec		
	5000 ppm TWA. 15000 ppm STEL British Columbia		

The Following Controls are Recommended for Normal Consumer Use of this Product

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Use in a well-ventilated area.

Personal Protection:

Eye Protection: Avoid eye contact. Always spray away from your face.

Skin Protection: Avoid prolonged skin contact. Chemical resistant gloves recommended for operations

where skin contact is likely.

Respiratory Protection: None needed for normal use with adequate ventilation.

For Bulk Processing or Workplace Use the Following Controls are Recommended

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Use adequate general and local exhaust ventilation to maintain

exposure levels below that occupational exposure limits.

**Personal Protection:** 

**Eye Protection:** Safety goggles recommended where eye contact is possible.

Skin Protection: Wear chemical resistant gloves.

**Respiratory Protection:** None required if ventilation is adequate. If the occupational exposure limits are exceeded, wear a NIOSH approved organic vapor/particulate or supplied air respirator in accordance with local and national regulations. Respirator selection and use should be based on contaminant type, form and

concentration. Follow applicable regulations and good Industrial Hygiene practice.

Work/Hygiene Practices: Wash with soap and water after handling.

9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:	Light green to amber liquid	Flammable Limits: (Solvent Portion)	LEL: 0.6% UEL: 8%
Odor:	Mild petroleum odor	Vapor Pressure:	95-115 PSI @ 70°F
Odor Threshold:	Not established	Vapor Density:	Greater than 1 (air=1)
pH:	Not Applicable	Relative Density:	0.8 - 0.82 @ 60°F
Melting/Freezing Point:	Not established	Solubilities:	Insoluble in water
Boiling Point/Range:	183 – 187°C (361 – 369°F)	Partition Coefficient; n- octanol/water:	Not established
Flash Point:	49°C (122°F) Tag Open Cup (liquid)	Autoignition Temperature:	Not established
Evaporation Rate:	Not established	Decomposition Temperature:	Not established
Flammability (solid, gas):	Flammable Aerosol	Viscosity:	2.79-2.96 cSt @ 100°F
VOC:	65%	Pour Point:	-63°C (-81.4°F ) ASTM D-97

### 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: Not reactive under normal conditions

Chemical Stability: Stable

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: May react with strong oxidizers generating heat.

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition. Do not puncture or incinerate

containers.

Incompatible Materials: Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

# 11 - Toxicological Information

### Symptoms of Overexposure:

**Inhalation:** High concentrations may cause nasal and respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects such as headache, dizziness and nausea. Intentional abuse may be harmful or fatal.

**Skin Contact:** Prolonged and/or repeated contact may produce mild irritation and defatting with possible dermatitis.

Eye Contact: Contact may be irritating to eyes. May cause redness and tearing.

**Ingestion:** This product has low oral toxicity. Swallowing may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. This product is an aspiration hazard. If swallowed, can enter the lungs and may cause chemical pneumonitis, severe lung damage and death.

Chronic Effects: None expected.

Carcinogen Status: None of the components are listed as a carcinogen or suspect carcinogen by IARC,

NTP, ACGIH or OSHA.

Reproductive Toxicity: None of the components is considered a reproductive hazard.

### **Numerical Measures of Toxicity:**

Acute Toxicity Estimates: Oral > 5,000 mg/kg; Dermal >2,000 mg/kg based on an assessment of the ingredients. This product is not classified as toxic by established criteria. It is an aspiration hazard.

### 12 - Ecological Information

**Ecotoxicity:** No specific aquatic toxicity data is currently available; however components of this product are not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms

Persistence and Degradability: Components are readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative Potential: Bioaccumulation is not expected based on an assessment of the ingredients.

Mobility in Soil: No data available
Other Adverse Effects: None known

### 13 - Disposal Considerations

Aerosol containers should not be punctured, compacted in home trash compactors or incinerated. Empty containers may be disposed of through normal waste management options. Dispose of all waste product, absorbents, and other materials in accordance with applicable Federal, state and local regulations.

### 14 - Transportation Information

DOT Surface Shipping Description: UN1950, Aerosols, 2.1 Ltd. Qty

(Note: Shipping Papers are not required for Limited Quantities unless transported by air or vessel – each package must be marked with the Limited Quantity Mark)

IMDG Shipping Description: UN1950, Aerosols, 2.1, LTD QTY ICAO Shipping Description: UN1950, Aerosols, flammable, 2.1

NOTE: WD-40 Company does not test aerosol cans to assure that they meet the pressure and other requirements for transport by air. We do not recommend that our aerosol products be transported by air.

### 15 - Regulatory Information

**National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI):** This product contains the following chemicals that are listed on the NPRI Substance List: Aliphatic Hydrocarbon (64742-47-8) 50-70%

**Canadian Environmental Protection Act:** All of the ingredients are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List or exempt from notification.

### 16 - Other Information

HMIS Hazard Rating:

Health – 1 (slight hazard), Fire Hazard – 4 (severe hazard), Physical Hazard – 0 (minimal hazard)

Revision Date: August 12, 2021

Supersedes: April 29, 2020

Prepared by: IHSC, LLC. Milford, CT, USA

Reviewed by: I. Kowalski

Regulatory Affairs Dept.

1014100/No.0060606







# Safety Data Sheet California CARB Compliant

# 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

Trade Name: WD-40 Multi-Use Product 25% VOC

**Bulk Liquid** 

Product Use: Lubricant, Penetrant, Drives Out Moisture, Removes and Protects Surfaces From

Corrosion

Restrictions on Use: None identified

SDS Date Of Preparation: August 2, 2021

Manufacturer: WD-40 Company

Address: 9715 Businesspark Avenue

San Diego, California, USA

92131

Telephone:

Emergency: 1-888-324-7596 Information: 1-888-324-7596

Chemical Spills: 1-800-424-9300 (Chemtrec) 1-703-527-3887 (International Calls)

### 2 - Hazards Identification

# Hazcom 2012/GHS Classification:

Flammable Liquid Category 3
Aspiration Toxicity Category 1

Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure Category 3 (nervous system effects)

Note: The 1 gallon size product is a consumer product and is labeled in accordance with the US Consumer Product Safety Commission regulations which take precedence over OSHA Hazard Communication labeling. The actual container label will not include the label elements below. The labeling below applies to larger containers sold for industrial/professional use.

# **Label Elements:**







### DANGER!

Flammable liquid and vapor.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### Prevention

Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.

Ground and bond containers and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Avoid breathing mists or vapors.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear eye protection.

# Response

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.

In case of fire: Use water fog, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or foam to extinguish.

# Storage

Store locked up.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed.

## Disposal

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local and national regulations.

3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredient	CAS#	Weight Percent	GHS Classification
LVP Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-47-8	40-50%	Aspiration Toxicity Category 1
Petroleum Base Oil	64742-56-9 64742-65-0 64742-53-6 64742-54-7 64742-71-8	<35%	Not Hazardous
Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-47-8	<25%	Flammable Liquid Category 3 Aspiration Toxicity Category 1 Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure Category 3 (nervous system effects)

Note: The specific chemical identity and exact percentages are a trade secret.

#### 4 - First Aid Measures

**Ingestion (Swallowed):** Aspiration Hazard. DO NOT induce vomiting. Call physician, poison control center or the WD-40 Safety Hotline at 1-888-324-7596 immediately.

**Eye Contact:** Flush thoroughly with water. Remove contact lenses if present after the first 5 minutes and continue flushing for several more minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water. If irritation develops and persists, get medical attention.

**Inhalation (Breathing):** If irritation is experienced, move to fresh air. Get medical attention if irritation or other symptoms develop and persist.

**Signs and Symptoms of Exposure:** Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Aspiration of liquid into the lungs during swallowing or vomiting may cause lung damage. May cause eye and respiratory irritation. Inhalation of mists or vapors may cause drowsiness, dizziness and other nervous system effects. Skin contact may cause drying of the skin.

**Indication of Immediate Medical Attention/Special Treatment Needed:** Immediate medical attention is needed for ingestion.

### 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

**Suitable (and unsuitable) Extinguishing Media:** Use water fog, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or foam. Do not use water jet or flooding amounts of water. Burning product will float on the surface and spread fire. **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical:** Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along surfaces to remote ignition sources and flash back. Combustion will produce oxides of carbon and hydrocarbons.

**Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-Fighters:** Firefighters should always wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing. Cool fire-exposed containers with water.

# 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures: Wear appropriate protective clothing (see Section 8). Eliminate all sources of ignition and ventilate area.

**Methods and Materials for Containment/Cleanup:** Contain and collect liquid with an inert absorbent and place in a container for disposal. Clean spill area thoroughly. Report spills to authorities as required.

7 - Handling and Storage

**Precautions for Safe Handling:** Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged contact with skin. Avoid breathing vapors or aerosols. Use with adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat, sparks, hot surfaces and open flames. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Keep containers closed when not in use. Keep out of the reach of children.

**Conditions for Safe Storage:** Store in a cool, well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials. NFPA 30 Class II Liquid.

8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Chemical	Occupational Exposure Limits	
LVP Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	1200 mg/m3 TWA (manufacturer recommended)	
Petroleum Base Oil	5 mg/m3 TWA (Inhalable) ACGIH TLV (as Mineral oil)	
	5 mg/m3 TWA OSHA PEL (as Oil mist, mineral)	
Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	1200 mg/m3 TWA (manufacturer recommended)	

### The Following Controls are Recommended for Normal Consumer Use of this Product

Engineering Controls: Use in a well-ventilated area.

**Personal Protection:** 

**Eye Protection:** Avoid eye contact. Safety glasses or goggles recommended.

Skin Protection: Avoid prolonged skin contact. Chemical resistant gloves recommended for operations

where skin contact is likely.

Respiratory Protection: None needed for normal use with adequate ventilation.

## For Bulk Processing or Workplace Use the Following Controls are Recommended

Engineering Controls: Use adequate general and local exhaust ventilation to maintain exposure levels

below that occupational exposure limits.

**Personal Protection:** 

Eye Protection: Safety goggles recommended where eye contact is possible.

Skin Protection: Wear chemical resistant gloves.

**Respiratory Protection:** None required if ventilation is adequate. If the occupational exposure limits are exceeded, wear a NIOSH approved respirator. Respirator selection and use should be based on contaminant type, form and concentration. Follow OSHA 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2 and good Industrial Hygiene practice.

Work/Hygiene Practices: Wash with soap and water after handling.

9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:	Light green to amber liquid	Flammable Limits: (Solvent Portion)	LEL: 0.8% UEL: 5.6%
Odor:	Mild petroleum odor	Vapor Pressure:	1 psi @38°C (100°F) ASTM D323
Odor Threshold:	Not established	Vapor Density:	Greater than 1 (air=1)
pH:	Not Applicable	Relative Density:	0.8 - 0.82 @ 60°F
Melting/Freezing Point:	Not established	Solubilities:	Insoluble in water
Boiling Point/Range:	322 - 388°F (161 - 198°C)	Partition Coefficient; n-octanol/water:	Not established
Flash Point:	138°F (59°C) Tag Closed Cup	Autoignition Temperature:	Not established
Evaporation Rate:	Not established	Decomposition Temperature:	Not established
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not Applicable	Viscosity:	2.79-2.96 cSt @ 100°F
VOC:	24.9% MIR=0.44 gO3/gVOC (204 grams/liter)	Pour Point:	-63°C (-81.4°F) ASTM D-97

## 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: Not reactive under normal conditions

Chemical Stability: Stable

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: May react with strong oxidizers generating heat.

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials: Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

## 11 - Toxicological Information

### Symptoms of Overexposure:

**Inhalation:** High concentrations may cause nasal and respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects such as headache, dizziness and nausea. Intentional abuse may be harmful or fatal.

**Skin Contact:** Prolonged and/or repeated contact may produce mild irritation and defatting with possible dermatitis.

Eye Contact: Contact may be irritating to eyes. May cause redness and tearing.

**Ingestion:** This product has low oral toxicity. Swallowing may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. This product is an aspiration hazard. If swallowed, can enter the lungs and may cause chemical pneumonitis, severe lung damage and death.

Chronic Effects: None expected.

Carcinogen Status: None of the components are listed as a carcinogen or suspect carcinogen by IARC,

NTP, ACGIH or OSHA.

**Reproductive Toxicity:** None of the components is considered a reproductive hazard.

## **Numerical Measures of Toxicity:**

Acute Toxicity Estimates: Oral > 5,000 mg/kg; Dermal >2,000 mg/kg based on an assessment of the ingredients. This product is not classified as toxic by established criteria. It is an aspiration hazard.

### 12 - Ecological Information

**Ecotoxicity:** No specific aquatic toxicity data is currently available; however components of this product are not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms

Persistence and Degradability: Components are readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative Potential: Bioaccumulation is not expected based on an assessment of the ingredients.

Mobility in Soil: No data available Other Adverse Effects: None known

### 13 - Disposal Considerations

If this product becomes a waste, it would be expected to meet the criteria of a RCRA ignitable hazardous waste (D001). However, it is the responsibility of the generator to determine at the time of disposal the proper classification and method of disposal. Dispose in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.

## 14 - Transportation Information

DOT Surface Shipping Description: Excepted from Hazmat (49CFR 173.150 (F)) in non-bulk packaging.

Bulk Packaging: UN1268, Petroleum Distillates, n.o.s., Combustible Liquid, PG III

IMDG Shipping Description: UN1268, Petroleum Distillates, n.o.s. 3, PG III

ICAO Shipping Description: UN1268, Petroleum Distillates, n.o.s. 3, PG III

NOTE: WD-40 Company does not test containers to assure that they meet the pressure differential and other requirements for transport by air. We do not recommend that our products be transported by air.

### 15 - Regulatory Information

### **U.S. Federal Regulations:**

**CERCLA 103 Reportable Quantity:** This product is not subject to CERCLA reporting requirements, however, oil spills are reportable to the National Response Center under the Clean Water Act and many states have

more stringent release reporting requirements. Report spills required under federal, state and local regulations.

## **SARA TITLE III:**

Hazard Category For Section 311/312: Refer to Section 2 for the OSHA Hazard Classification.

**Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:** This product contains the following chemicals subject to SARA Title III Section 313 Reporting requirements: None

Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances (TPQ): None

**EPA Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Status:** All of the components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.

**VOC Regulations:** This product complies with the consumer product VOC limits of CARB, the US EPA and states adopting the OTC VOC rules.

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65): This product does not require a California Proposition 65 warning.

**Canadian Environmental Protection Act**: All of the ingredients are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List or exempt from notification

### 16 – Other Information

### **HMIS Hazard Rating:**

Health – 1 (slight hazard), Fire Hazard – 2 (moderate hazard), Physical Hazard – 0 (minimal hazard)

Revision Date: August 2, 2021 Supersedes: March 5, 2019

Revision Summary: Section 9: Appearance

Prepared by: Industrial Health & Safety Consultants, Inc. Shelton, CT, USA

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1022200/No.0084606

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## SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Material name : ZEP ORANGE GEL DEGREASER 20N15 12CT

Material number : 000000000000000101

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : Zep Inc.

Address : 350 Joe Frank Harris Parkway, SE

Emerson, GA 30137

Telephone : Compliance Services - 877-428-9937

Emergency telephone numbers			
For SDS Information	:	Compliance Services - 877-428-9937	
For a Medical Emergency		877-541-2016 Toll Free - All Calls Recorded	-
For a Transportation Emergency	-	CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 - All Calls Recorded. In the District of Columbia 202-483-7616	

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

### SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### **Emergency Overview**

Appearance	Aerosol containing a liquefied gas		
Colour	amber		
Odour	characteristic		

### **GHS** Classification

Flammable aerosols : Category 1
Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas
Skin irritation : Category 2
Serious eye damage : Category 1
Skin sensitisation : Category 1

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage.

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Precautionary statements

#### : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

### Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P333 + P313 If skin imitation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

#### Storage:

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F.

## Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture

Mixture

### Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration [%]
d-limonene	5989-27-5	>= 50 - < 70
butane	106-97-8	>= 10 - < 20
propane	74-98-6	>= 3 - < 5
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	68439-46-3	>= 3 - < 5
p-mentha-1,4-diene	99-85-4	>= 3 - < 5
linalool	78-70-6	>= 3 ~ < 5
Alcohols, C12-16, ethoxylated	68551-12-2	>= 1 - < 3
7-methyl-3-methyleneocta-1,6-diene	123-35-3	>= 1 - < 3

The exact percentages of disclosed substances are withheld as trade secrets.

### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

General advice

Move out of dangerous area.

Consult a physician.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

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If inhaled : If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

In case of eye contact : Small amounts splashed into eyes can cause irreversible

tissue damage and blindness.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

if swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

DO NOT induce womiting unless directed to do so by a

physician or poison control center. Take victim immediately to hospital.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

and effects, both acu

delayed

: Effects are immediate and delayed.

Effects are dependent on exposure (dose, concentration,

contact time).

Symptoms may include blistering, irritation, burns, and pain.

Causes serious eye damage.

Causes skin irritation.

Review section 2 of SDS to see all potential hazards.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

### SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical Water spray

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: High volume water jet

Specific hazards during

firefighting

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion

products

: Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Carbon morioxide

Smoke

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing

methods

: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local

circumstances and the surrounding environment.

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Further information : Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored

separately in closed containments.

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if

necessary.

## SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

: Use personal protective equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

Environmental precautions

: Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains, inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable

container for disposal.

### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Advice on safe handling : Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the

application area.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.

Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Always replace cap after use.

Conditions for safe storage : BEWARE: Aerosol is pressurized. Keep away from direct sun

exposure and temperatures over 50 °C. Do not open by force or throw into fire even after use. Do not spray on flames or

red-hot objects. No smoking.

Observe label precautions.

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with

the technological safety standards.

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Materials to avoid

: Strong oxidizing agents

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
d-limonene	5989-27-5	TWA	30 ppm	US WEEL
butane	106-97-8	TWA	800 ppm 1,900 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		TWA	800 ppm 1,900 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		PEL	800 ppm 1,900 mg/m3	CAL PEL
		STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH
propane	74-98-6	TWA	1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		TWA	1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		PEL	1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	CAL PEL

Engineering measures : effective ventilation in all processing areas

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust

ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines.

Hand protection

Material : Protective gloves

Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed

with the producers of the protective gloves.

Eye protection : Tightly fitting safety goggles

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to

the workstation location.

Skin and body protection : Impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and

concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Hygiene measures : When using do not eat or drink.

When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

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### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

: Aerosol containing a liquefied gas

Colour

: amber

Odour

characteristic

Odour Threshold

No data available

рΗ

Not applicable

Melting point/freezing point

: No data available

**Boiling** point

: 76.7 °C

Flash point

10.1

Not applicable

Evaporation rate

: No data available

Flammability (solid, gas,

: Extremely flammable aerosol.

liquid)

Upper explosion limit

: No data available

Lower explosion limit

No data available

Vapour pressure

No data available

Relative vapour density

: No data available

Density

0.861 g/cm3

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility

: insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Auto-ignition temperature

: not determined

Thermal decomposition

: No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic

: No data available

Heat of combustion

: > 30 kJ/g

## **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity

: Stable

Chemical stability

: Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

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Conditions to avoid

: Heat, flames and sparks.

Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials

: Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and unburned

hydrocarbons (smoke). Organic Substances

#### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Potential Health Effects

Aggravated Medical

Condition

: None known.

Symptoms of Overexposure

: Effects are immediate and delayed.

Effects are dependent on exposure (dose, concentration,

contact time).

Symptoms may include blistering, imitation, burns, and pain.

Causes serious eye damage.

Causes skin irritation.

Review section 2 of SDS to see all potential hazards. Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

Carcinogenicity:

IARC No component of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed

human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH No component of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential

carcinogen by ACGIH.

OSHA No component of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP No component of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen

by NTP.

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate : > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

d-limonene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral Rat: 4,400 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg

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Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral Rat: 1,400 mg/kg

7-methyl-3-methyleneocta-1,6-diene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral Rat: > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity ; LD50 Dermal Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

**Product:** 

Remarks: Irritating to skin.

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

**Product:** 

Remarks: May cause irreversible eye damage.

## Respiratory or skin sensitisation

**Product:** 

Remarks: Causes sensitisation.

## Components:

d-limonene:

Classification: May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

## Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

### Carcinogenicity

No data available

## Reproductive toxicity

No data available

## STOT - single exposure

No data available

### STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

### Aspiration toxicity

No data available

## **Further information**

## **Product:**

Remarks: No data available

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: Remarks: No data available

: log Pow: 4.232

: Pow: 2.89

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity** 

No data available

Persistence and degradability

No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water <u>Components:</u> d-limonene:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

butane :

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water linalool:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available Product:

Regulation 40 CFR Protection of Environment; Part 82 Protection of

: log Pow: 2.84 (25 °C)

Stratospheric Ozone - CAA Section 602 Class I

Substances

Remarks This product neither contains, nor was manufactured

with a Class I or Class II ODS as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App.A

+ B).

Additional ecological

information

: No data available

**SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS** 

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

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courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with

chemical or used container.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Transportation Regulation: 49 CFR (USA):

UN1950, AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE, 2.1, - Limited quantity

Transportation Regulation: IMDG (Vessel):

UN1950, AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE, 2.1, - Limited quantity

Transportation Regulation: IATA (Cargo Air):

UN1950, AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE, 2.1, - Limited quantity

Transportation Regulation: IATA (Passenger Air):

UN1950, AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE, 2.1, - Limited quantity

Transportation Regulation: TDG (Canada):

UN1950, AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE, 2.1, - Limited quantity

The product as delivered to the customer conforms to packaging requirements for shipment by road under US Department of Transportation (DOT) regulations. Additional transportation classifications noted above are for reference only, and not a certification or warranty of the suitability of the packaging for shipment under these alternative transport regulations.

### SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA list : No substances are subject to a Significant New Use Rule.

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification

requirements.

## **EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act**

#### **CERCLA Reportable Quantity**

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ (lbs)	Calculated product RQ (lbs)
methyloxirane	75-56-9	100	*

<sup>\*:</sup> Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit.

## SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

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Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ (lbs)	Calculated product RQ (lbs)
methyloxirane	75-56-9	100	

<sup>\*:</sup> Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit.

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Gases under pressure Skin corrosion or irritation

Serious eye damage or eye irritation Respiratory or skin sensitisation

**SARA 302** 

: No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting

requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

**SARA 313** 

: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

## California Prop. 65



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including 7-methyl-3-methyleneocta-1,6-diene, methyloxirane, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL

All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL

On TSCA Inventory

For information on the country notification status for other regions please contact the manufacturer's regulatory group.

### Inventory Acronym and Validity Area Legend:

TSCA (USA), DSL (Canada), NDSL (Canada)

#### SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

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#### Further information

### NFPA:

3
4
0

0 = not significant, 1 = Slight,

2 = Moderate, 3 = High

4 = Extreme

#### HMIS III:

HEALTH	3
FLAMMABILITY	3
PHYSICAL HAZARD	3

0 = not significant, 1 = Slight,

2 = Moderate, 3 = High

4 = Extreme, \* = Chronic

## **OSHA - GHS Label Information:**

Hazard pictograms









Signal word Hazard statements

Danger:

Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye

Precautionary statements

Prevention: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid breathing dust/fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash

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before reuse.

Storage: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122

°F.

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

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